

460PSSC-N2E Protocol Gateway Product User Guide

Firmware Version 8.7.22



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Revision History	5
Overview	6
Hardware Platforms	7
Hardware – N2EW	8
Powering the Gateway	8
Mounting with a DIN Rail	10
Installing	10
Removing	10
Accessing the Main Page	11
Error: Main Page Does Not Launch	12
Committing Changes to the Settings	13
Main Page	14
Device Configuration	15
Network Configuration	16
PROFINET IO Server Configuration	18
PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration	19
PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration: Auto-Configure	20
Auto-Configure Group by Device vs. Auto-Configure Group by Data Type	21
Group by Device (Default Method)	21
Group by Data Type	21
PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration: Manual Mode	22
Setting up the PLC- Example Using Simatic Classic Step 7	23
Setting up the PLC- Example Using TIA Portal	29
S7 Client Configuration	
External Server Configuration	37
Configuring Read and Write Scan Lines	
Mapping - Transferring Data Between Devices	41
Display Mapping and Values	42
Display Data	42
Display String	45
Display String use case	47
Data and String Mapping – Auto-Configure	48
Data Mapping – Explanation	49
Data Mapping – Adding Diagnostic Information	50 249-1612



String Mapping – Explanation
Mapping – Auto-Configure Mode to Manual Configure Mode55
Mapping – Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mode
View as Text
Data Mapping57
String Mapping57
Base Triggering – Data Validiation Triggering58
Security Configuration
Security Configuration-Security Levels61
Security - Log In62
Security - Log Out62
Email Configuration63
Alarm Configuration64
Diagnostics – Alarm Status
Alarms – Active
Alarms – Clear67
Change of State (COS) Configuration
Diagnostics Info
Diagnostics Mapping69
Diagnostics – PROFINET IO Server
Diagnostics – S7 Client
LED Configuration75
Configuration Files
Export Configuration
Import Configuration76
Save and Replace Configuration Using SD Card78
Saving Configuration Using SD Card78
Replacing Configuration Using SD Card78
Utilities



Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
8.4.5	11/18/2019	 Features Added Released OPC UA Server (US) Protocol Ability to now Import/Export Template Files with out an FTP session. Bug Fixes Updated Profinet Server (PS) on N34 hardware Platform Updated Wi-Fi software
8.6.0	2/28/20	Bug Fixes1. Omron Plc Communication fixes for EtherNet/IP2. Profinet GSDML Substitute values fix
8.7.4	9/1/20	 Features Added: 1. BMS, BM, DFM, DS, DM, TCP, USB, PBS have been ported to the latest base software. 2. TCP,BMS,BM now Available on N2E and N2EW hardware Platform 3. New ASCII Mode Available on TCP/A/USB/WI protocols 4. User Guides updated with more examples Bug Fixes: 1. Improved Data Mapping and String Mapping performance 2. Improved functionality/performance on EC,ETC,ES,MC,MS,BS,BC, A,,WI,PS protocols.
8.7.22	4/6/21	Features Added: 1. Support for RSLogix Versions 32 + with unsigned data type support 2. ETC now support Long integer files (L files) for MicroLogix PLCS that support them 3. SC now supports data block (DB) access



Overview

The 460PSSC-N2E gateway connects a PROFINET IO Controller with up to five S7 Siemens PLCs . By following this guide, you will be able to configure the 460PSSC-N2E gateway.

For further customization and advanced use, please reference the appendices located on the CD or online at: <u>http://www.rtautomation.com/product/460-gateway-support/</u>.

If at any time you need further assistance, do not hesitate to call Real Time Automation support. Support Hours are Monday-Friday 8am-5pm CST

Toll free: 1-800-249-1612 Email: support@rtautomation.com



Hardware Platforms

The 460 Product Line supports a number of different hardware platforms. There are differences in how they are powered, what serial settings are supported, and some diagnostic features supported (such as LEDs). For these sections, be sure to identify the hardware platform you are using.

To find which hardware platform you are using:

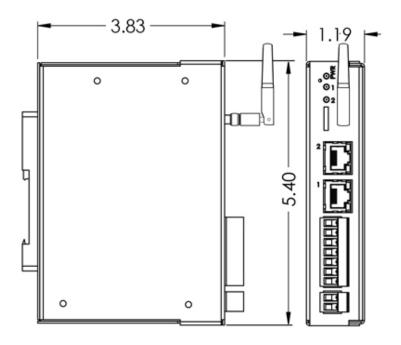
- 1) Look on the front or back label of the unit for the part number.
- On the webpage inside the gateway, navigate to the dropdown menu under Other and select Utilities. Click the Listing of Revisions button. The full part number is displayed here.

Once you have the full part number, the platform will be the number following the "-N":





Hardware – N2EW



Powering the Gateway

The following steps will allow you to properly and safely power the gateway.



Warning: Improper wiring will cause unit failure! Use the Screw Terminals power connection!

- 1) Connect a 12-24 VDC power source to the gateway, Red Wire = (+) Black Wire = (-).
 - a) The unit draws 8 VDC 900mA (7.2W) Max
 - b) The unit draws 35 VDC 900mA (31.5W) Max
 - c) The gateway has a voltage operating range from 8-35 VDC, 24 VDC is recommended.



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Hazardous Environment Power & Installation Instructions

This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D, or non-hazardous locations only.

WARNING – EXPLOSION HAZARD - Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD - Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AN OPEN-TYPE DEVICE AND IS MEANT TO BE INSTALLED IN AN ENCLOSURE SUITABLE FOR THE ENVIRONMENT SUCH THAT THE EQUIPMENT IS ONLY ACCESSIBLE WITH THE USE OF A TOOL.

WARNING – POWER JACK (Screw Terminals, J7) IS FOR MAINTENANCE USE ONLY AND MAY ONLY BE USED WHILE THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE FREE OF IGNITIBLE CONCENTRATIONS OF FLAMMABLE GASES OR VAPORS. IT IS NOT TO BE CONNECTED UNDER NORMAL OPERATION.

In Hazardous Environments the unit must be powered with between 8-35 VDC, 8 VDC @ 900 mA (7.2 W) max. Supervised. The unit is certified to be operated at -40°C to 50°C.



Cet équipement est conçu pour être utilisé uniquement dans des lieux de classe I, division 2, groupes A, B, C et D, ou non dangereux.

AVERTISSEMENT - **RISQUE D'EXPLOSION** - Ne débranchez pas l'équipement à moins que le courant ne soit coupé ou que la zone ne présente aucun danger.

AVERTISSEMENT - **RISQUE D'EXPLOSION** - La substitution de composants peut compromettre l'adéquation à la classe I, division 2.

CET APPAREIL EST UN DISPOSITIF DE TYPE OUVERT ET IL FAUT L'INSTALLER DANS UN ENCEINTE ADAPTÉ À L'ENVIRONNEMENT TEL QU'IL N'EST ACCESSIBLE À L'UTILISATION D'UN OUTIL.

AVERTISSEMENT - LE POWER JACK (bornes à vis, J7) est destiné exclusivement à la maintenance et ne peut être utilisé que lorsque la zone est connue pour être exempte de concentrations inintéressantes de gaz ou de vapeurs inflammables. IL NE DOIT PAS ÊTRE CONNECTÉ SOUS UN FONCTIONNEMENT NORMAL.

Dans les environnements dangereux, l'unité doit être alimentée entre 8-35 VDC, 8 VDC @ 900 mA (7,2 W) max. Supervisé. L'appareil est certifié pour fonctionner entre -40 ° C et 50 ° C.



Mounting with a DIN Rail

Installing

Follow these steps to install your interface converter.

- 1) Mount your DIN Rail.
- 2) Hook the bottom mounting flange under the DIN Rail.
- 3) While pressing the 460PSSC-N2E against the rail, press up to engage the spring loaded lower clip and rotate the unit parallel to the DIN Rail.
- 4) Release upward pressure.



Removing

Follow these steps to remove your interface converter.

- 1) Press up on unit to engage the spring loaded lower clip.
- 2) Swing top of the unit away from DIN Rail.



Accessing the Main Page

The following steps will help you access the browser based configuration of the gateway. By default, DHCP is enabled. If the gateway fails to obtain an IP address over DHCP it will Auto IP with 169.254.X.Y. For more information on your Operating system network setting refer to the Access Browser Configuration Doc on the CD or download from our support web site.

1) Insert the provided CD-ROM into a computer also on the network.

NDK Settings IP	0.	0.	0.	0	1	1000	t a Unit- 460 XX	(YY (00-03-F4-0A-D2-	8C] AutolP a	at 169.254.4
Network Mask	0.	0.	0.	0						
GateWay	0.	0.	0.	0	Set>					
DNS 🛛	0.	0.	0.	0				m		
								Search Aga	n	
						:h Web	1	Advanced		Close

- 2) Run the IPSetup.exe program from the CD-ROM.
- 3) Find unit under "Select a Unit".
- a. Change Gateway's IP address to match that of your PC if DHCP has failed.
- i. You will know DHCP has failed if the gateway's IP address is AutoIP at 169.254.X.Y.
- ii. If successful, it will say DHCP'd at ex: 192.168.0.100 or however your DCHP Client is set up.
- b. If you do not see the gateway in this tool, then your PC is most likely set up as a static IP.
- i. Change your PC's network settings to be DHCP. If DHCP fails, then it will change to be on the 169.254.x.y network.
- ii. Relaunch the IP Setup tool to see if gateway can be discovered now.
- 4) Click Launch Webpage. The Main page should appear.

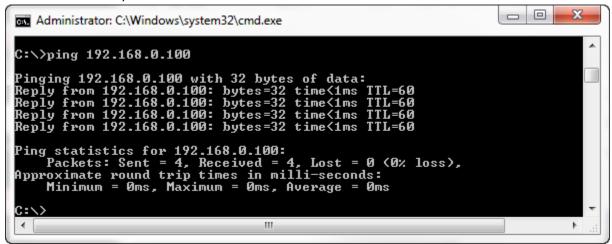
Default setting is set to DHCP. If DHCP fails, default IP Address is 169.254.x.y



Error: Main Page Does Not Launch

If the Main Page does not launch, please verify the following:

- 1) Check that the PC is set for a valid IP Address
- a. Open a MS-DOS Command Prompt
- b. Type "ipconfig" and press enter
- c. Note the PC's IP Address, Subnet, and Default Gateway
- The gateway must be on the same Network/Subnet as the PC whether it's setup for DHCP or Static. Once you have both devices on the same network, you should be able to ping the gateway using a MS-DOS Command Prompt.



The Screenshot above shows a gateway that is currently set to a static IP Address of 192.168.0.100.

If you are able to successfully ping your gateway, open a browser and try to view the main page of the gateway by entering the IP Address of the gateway as the URL.





Committing Changes to the Settings

- All changes made to the settings of the gateway in Configuration Mode will not take effect until the gateway is restarted via the webpage. Changes will not be stored if the gateway's power is removed prior to a reboot.
- **NOTE:** The gateway does not need to be restarted after every change. Multiple changes can be made before a restart, but they will not be committed until the gateway is restarted.
- When all desired changes have been made, press the **Restart Now** button.
- The webpage will redirect to our rebooting page shown below:

RTA	www.rtaautomation.com
Real Time Automation, Inc.	

- The reboot can take up to 20 seconds.
- \circ $\:$ If the IP address has not been modified, the gateway will automatically redirect to the main page.
- If the IP address was modified, a message will appear at the top of the page to instruct the user to manually open a new webpage at that new IP.



Main Page

The main page is where important information about your gateway and its connections are displayed. Mode (orange box below):

Running Mode:

- Protocol communications are enabled
- Configuration cannot be changed during Running Mode. If changes are needed, click the Configuration Mode button shown in the green box below
 Configuring Mode:

Configuring Mode:

- Protocol communication is stopped and no data is transmitted
- Configuration is allowed

Navigation (green box below):

You can easily switch between modes and navigate between pages (Configuration, Diagnostics, and Other pages) using the buttons on the left hand side.

RTA				www.rtaautomation.com
Real Time Auton	nation, Inc.			MODE: RUNNING 460ETCMC
Configuration Mode Main Page CONFIGURATION Network Configuration		Device Description: Applicat	n Page tion Description	
Allen-Bradley PLC Modbus TCP/IP Client Display Data DIAGNOSTICS -Select-	Network Status Ethernet Port Allen-Bradley PLC Statu		MAC Address 00:03:F4:0A:43:CC	IP Address 10.1.28.95
-Select-	Last Read Error Code: Last Write Error Code:	Fatal Error: No Configurati Connection Status: No De		
	Last Error Code:	Fatal Error: No Configurati		
	Data Mapping Status # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:			



Device Configuration

The device configuration area is where you assign the device description parameter. Changes can only be made when the gateway is in Configuration Mode.

Main Page	
Device Description: Application Description]
Save Parameters	

Once you are done configuring the Description, click the **Save Parameters** button.



Network Configuration

The network configuration area is where you assign the IP address and other network parameters. Changes can only be made when the gateway is in Configuration Mode.

Once you are done configuring the Network Settings, click the **Save Parameters** button.

If you are changing the IP Address of the gateway, the change will not take effect until the unit has been rebooted. After reboot, you must enter the new IP Address into the URL.

Network Configuration			
Ethernet Switch Configuration			
	Indepen	ident 🔻	
Ethomat David Confirmation			
Ethernet Port 1 Configuration	Ethernet MAC Address:	00-02-E4-00-02-26	
		Auto-Negotiate	T
	IP Setting:		
	IP Address:		
	Subnet:	255.255.0.0	
	Default Gateway:		
	DNS Gateway:		
	Save Par	rameters	
Ethernet Port 2 Configuration			
	Ethernet MAC Address:	00:03:F4:0B:82:EE	
	Ethernet Link:	Auto-Negotiate	•
	IP Setting:		
	IP Address:		
	Subnet:		
	Default Gateway:		
	DNS Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
	Save Pa	rameters	
	Carera	amotoro	
Wifi Configuration			
		00:03:F4:0C:BC:98	
	SSID:		Scan
	Password:		
	IP Setting:		
	IP Address:		
	Subnet:		
	Default Gateway:		
	DNS Gateway:	0.0.0	
	Save Par	rameters	



Network Interface Options

The N2EW hardware has three different Network Interface options, Independent Mode, Switch Mode and Wi-Fi Mode. Below, you can find the different use cases that each interface option allows for.

Independent Mode

- 1) Two Ethernet-based protocols on the same IP Network
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used OR
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 used OR
 - c) Wi-Fi used OR
 - d) Ethernet Port 1 & 2 used
- 2) Two Ethernet-based protocols on different IP Networks
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used AND
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 used AND
 - c) Wi-Fi used

Switch Mode – Only Ethernet Port 1 is used for protocol communication

- 1) One Ethernet-based protocol on the IP Network (layer-2 switch)
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used for direct protocol communication
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 available for daisy chaining devices together
 - i) A Ring topology is NOT supported
- 2) Two Ethernet-based protocols on same IP Network
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used for direct protocol communication with another switch, hub, or router
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 available for a daisy chaining devices together
 - i) A Ring topology is NOT supported
- 3) Two Ethernet-based protocols on different IP Networks
 - a) Not Possible must use Independent Mode

Wireless Mode - Only Wi-Fi is used for protocol communication

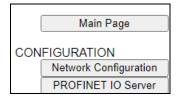
1) Two Ethernet-based protocols on the same IP Network into a Router

It is recommended to leave the DNS Gateway set to 0.0.0.0 and the Ethernet Link as Auto-Negotiate. If configuring the gateway to use E-mail, the DNS Gateway must be set.



PROFINET IO Server Configuration

Click the **PROFINET IO Server** button to display the configuration page.



- 1) Select which **Network Interface** to use for this PROFINET IO connection. If using single port hardware, the Network Interface will default to Ethernet Port only.
- 2) Device Label: This is the PROFINET name that is assigned by TIA Portal or Classic STEP 7.

		Network Interf Device Na		Ethernet	1 (10.1.16.40) 🔻		
		Device Na	me:				
		Save	Par	ameters			
ofinet	Slot List						
Jimer	SIOT LIST	Auto-Configure	Gro	up by Dev	vice 🔻		
		. tato o crinigato					
Input \$	Slots (460ESF	PS to Profinet IO)		Outpu	it Slots (Profin	net IO to 460ES	SPS)
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format		Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data For	nat
1	Disabled V	16 Bit Int 🔻		11	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ
2	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹		12	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	
3	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹		13	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ψ
4	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹		14	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ψ.
5	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹		15	Disabled *	16 Bit Int	Ψ.
6	Disabled V	16 Bit Int 🔹		16	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ψ.
7	Disabled V	16 Bit Int 🔹		17	Disabled V	16 Bit Int	Ψ.
8	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹		18	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	
9	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹		19	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ψ.
10	Disabled V	16 Bit Int 🔹		20	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ
		Save	Par	ameters			
	IL and Graph						

Note: To properly set communication to the PROFINET controller, you will need to install the GSD file that is downloadable on the configuration web page or on the CD that was shipped with the unit. For instructions on how to do this, please see the <u>Setting up the PLC- Example Using Simatic Step 7 software</u> and <u>Setting up the PLC- Example Using TIA Portal sections</u>.

WARNING:

This gateway does not support the assignment of the IP address via the IO controller function. This function must be disabled for the system to function properly.



PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration

The bottom area of the PROFINET IO Server Configuration page lets you configure multiple input and output slots.

- 1) Profinet server supports 1248 Input bytes and 1248 Output bytes.
- 2) Data Size is configurable. Options include: 8, 16, 32, 64, and 128 Bytes.
- 3) Data Format sets the formatting of the data. Automap will use this packing size to map data to/from the other protocol.

There are three ways to configure this protocol:

- 1) Auto-Configure Group by Device (Default)
- 2) Auto-Configure Group by Data Type
- 3) Manual Mode

NOTE: You may go back and forth between modes, but when reverting from Manual Mode to either of the two Auto-Configure Modes, all changes made in Manual Mode will be discarded.

Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	t Slots (Profin Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻	11	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 👻
2	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹	12	Disabled -	16 Bit Int 👻
3	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹	13	Disabled *	16 Bit Int 💌
4	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🔹	14	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 👻
5	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 👻	15	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹
6	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌	16	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌
7	Disabled 🔻	16 Bit Int 👻	17	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
8	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔻	18	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹
9	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔻	19	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌
10	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹	20	Disabled -	16 Bit Int 🔹



PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration: Auto-Configure

While in either of the two Auto-Configure Modes, the data slots themselves cannot be edited. Auto-Configure Mode looks at the other protocol and then configures the data slots to match. The Data formats will be defined after the other protocol is configured.

The data will be configured according to the following rules:

- 1) Any 8 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **8 Bit Int or 8 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 2) Any 16 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **16 Bit Int or 16 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 3) Any 32 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **32 Bit Int or 32 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 4) Any 64 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **64 Bit Int or 64 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 5) Any 32 Bit Float will be mapped as **32 Bit Float**.
- 6) Any 64 Bit Float will be mapped as **64 Bit Float**.
- 7) Any Strings will be mapped as **Short String**.

NOTE: When using a String Data Type, the 1st byte of each slot is reserved for the Length field. The remaining bytes will be used for the actual data.

- 8) Any Coils or 1/8/16/32 Bit Binary Packs will be mapped as **Binary 8 Bit Pack/Binary 16 Bit Pack/Binary 32 Bit Pack**, matching bit sizes whenever possible.
- 9) The input or output direction depends on whether it is configured as an input/read or output/write on the other protocol.
- 10) If the other protocol exceeds the number of data size supported, then nothing will be mapped. You will see all the data size values remain disabled and the main page will display the following error:

ERROR XX_460 Re-initialization (Auto-Config Failed -9)

a) To fix this error, simply decrease the amount of data you configured on the other protocol so that the max data size is not exceeded or call customer support to increase the limits.

To edit slot data sizes or formats you will need to go into Manual Configure Mode.



Auto-Configure Group by Device vs. Auto-Configure Group by Data Type

There are two different methods for Auto-Configure: Group by Device or Group by Data Type.

There are a couple of rules to keep in mind when using Auto-Configure Mode:

1) If the other protocol inside the gateway is a server, slave, or adapter protocol, then there are no differences between the Auto-Configure Modes.

Group by Device (Default Method)

Group by Device goes through the other protocol on the gateway and auto-configures the data groups on the PROFINET server for all the data points on the other protocol's first device. After it finishes with the first device, it will auto-configure all the points for the second device (if one is configured), and so on.

The data in this method is not optimized- there could potentially be a lot of wasted/unused data space, but it will be organized more logically from the master/client's point of view.

Group by Data Type

Group by Data Type goes through the other protocol on the gateway and auto-configures the data groups on the PROFINET server for all the data points within the other protocol.

Another way to view this option is to say that the data points allocated are packed together so there is very little wasted data space. The data is packed or optimized.

Example: Protocol A is a master/client protocol that has 2 devices with the same setup:

Device_1 has 1 integer scan line, 1 float scan line, 1 integer scan line- each for 1 point of data Device_2 has 1 integer scan line, 1 float scan line, 1 integer scan line- each for 1 point of data

Protocol B is a server/slave/adapter protocol that can be mapped as follows:

Group by Device - Protocol B will have 4 scan lines that will look like the following: Scan Line 1 and 2 will represent Device_1 and Scan Line 3 and 4 will represent Device_2.

Scan Line 1 => Type Integer, length of 2 Scan Line 2 => Type Float, length of 1 Scan Line 3 => Type Integer, length of 2 Scan Line 4 => Type Float, length of 1

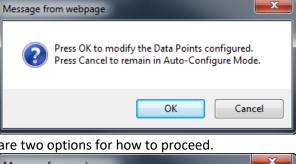
Group by Data Type - Protocol B will have 2 scan lines that will look like the following: All like data types from Device_1 and Device_2 will be combined.

Scan Line 1 => Type Integer, length of 4 Scan Line 2 => Type Float, length of 2



PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration: Manual Mode

- 1) To transition from either of the two Auto-Configure Modes to Manual Configure Mode, click the dropdown at the top of the PROFINET IO Server Configuration page and select Manual Configure.
- 2) When prompted, click **OK** to confirm mode change or **Cancel** to remain in Auto-Configure Mode.



3) Once OK is clicked, there are two options for how to proceed.

Message fro	om webpage	x
	Press OK to modify the c	urrent Data Points.
	Press Cancel to Delete all	Data Points.
	ОК	Cancel

- 4) To keep the data slots that are already configured, press OK.
 - i) You would want this option if you are adding additional data slots or you want to modify the data slot(s) that already exist.
- 5) To delete the data slots that are already there and start over, press **Cancel**.
- 6) Input Slots: Select the data size, in bytes, to move data from the gateway to the controller. Then select the data format for that slot.
- 7) Output Slots: Select the data size, in bytes, to move data from the controller to the gateway. Then select the data format for that slot.



Setting up the PLC- Example Using Simatic Classic Step 7

This is how you would set up the following example in your controller.

Input	Input Slots (460PSMC to Profinet IO)			it Slots (Prof	inet IO to 460PSMC)
Slot	Slot Data Size (Bytes) Data Format		Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	128 🗸	8 Bit Int 🗸	11	128 🗸	8 Bit Int 🗸

1) In your project, click the CPU and you should see the hardware option in the right pane. Double click on the Hardware icon.

B PSMC_Project_Test C:\Program Files\Siemens\Step7\s7proj\PSMC_P-1			
PSMC_Project_Test	DU Hardware	CPU315-2 PN/DP(1)	

2) IF YOU HAVE ALREADY INSTALLED THE GSD FILE, SKIP TO STEP 9. OTHERWISE - Under Options, select **Install GSD Files**.

		Install GSD Files			-
≥(0) UR		Install GSD Files:	from the directory	•	
2 CPU315-2 PN/DP(1) X1 MPL/DP	-	C:\Users\Engineer\Desktop\P	New GSD Files		Browse
X2 PN-A0 X2 P1 Port 1 X2 P2 Port 2 3		File GSDML-V2.34-RTA-460PSxx-2	Release 0190219.xml 02/19/2019 12:00:00 AM	Version Languages V2.34 English	
(1) rta-460ps					
	der number				
0 ta-460ps 46 X1 Interface P1 R145 10/100 MBit/s	0P5xx	Install Sho	v Log Select All D	eselect All	
	-Byte Input	Close			Help

3) On the PROFINET IO Server configuration page, download the zip file



- 4) Browse to folder containing the GSD file.
- 5) Select the GSD file from the box and click Install.
- 6) When prompted to confirm installation because it cannot be undone, click **Yes**.

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Confirm installation of GSD file	es 🛛 🛛
CAUTION: Installation OF GSD files c continue the action?	annot be undone. Do you still want to
Yes	No

7) Click **OK** acknowledging that the install was successful.

Install GSD File (13:4986)			
Installation was completed successfully.			
ОК			

8) If you navigate to the right-hand side, you will see the RTA profile under: PROFINET IO->Additional Field Devices->Gateway->460PSxx

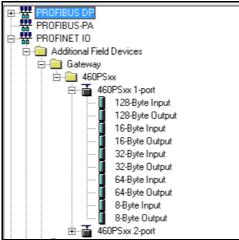
Profile:	Standard
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
⊡ "₩	PROFIBUS DP
	PROFIBUS-PA
<u>⊨</u> ₩ F	PROFINET IO
<u> </u>	Additional Field Devices
	⊨ 💼 Gateway
	🖻 💼 460PS 🗙
	🗄 📲 460PSxx 1-port
	🗄 🚡 460PSxx 2-port
	±
Ē.	Gateway

- 9) IF YOU HAVE ALREADY CONFIGURED THE PROFINET I/O CONTROLLER, SKIP TO STEP 11. OTHERWISE - Right-click on the PN-IO block and select **Insert PROFINET IO System**.
- 10) In the properties window, set the IP Address to match that of the PROFINET I/O controller and press **New** and **OK**.



Properties - Ethernet interface PN-10 (R0/S2.2) 🛛 🛛
	net is selected, available addresses are suggested,
Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0	vay not use router e router dress:
Subnet: not networked	New
	Properties
	Delete
ОК	CancelHelp

11) Find the RTA device in the I/O tree. It will be under PROFINET IO->Additional Field Devices-> Gateway->460PSxx->460PSxx 1-port.



12) Once found, drag the Standard icon into the network line.



○ (0) UR 1 2 X1 X2 X2P1 X2P2 3	CPU315-2 PN/DP(1) MPI/DP PN-IO Port 1 Port 2	Ethernet(1): PROFINET-IO-System (100)
--	--	---------------------------------------

13) Double-click the gateway icon to open the properties window. If not already done, uncheck the **Assign IP Address via IO controller option** (some versions already do this) and press **OK**.

Properties - ps01		
General Identification		
Short description:	ps01	
	460PSxx ID Gateway	~
Order No. / firmware:	6GK1 953-0CA00 / Z1.0	
Family:	460PSxx	
Device name:	ps01	
GSD file:	GSDML-V2.2-RTA-460PSxx-20140317.xml Change Release Number D System	
Device number:	1 PROFINET-IO-System (100)	
IP address:	Ethernet	
☐ Assign IP address	via ID controller	
Comment:		
		~
OK	Cancel	Help



14) To Assign the RTA gateway a Device Name click on the RTA device, click on the *PLC* tab, select *Ethernet*, then *Assign Device Name*.

🖳 HW Config - SIMATIC 30	0 Station		
Station Edit Insert PLC	View Options Window Help		-
□ 🛩 📽 🖳 🖏	Download Upload	Ctrl+L	
00 SIMATIC 30	Download Module Identification Upload Module Identification to PG Faulty Modules		
2 X1 X2 X2 P1 <u>X2 P2</u> 3	Module Information Operating Mode Clear/Reset Set Time of Day Monitor/Modify Update Firmware Save Device Name to Memory Card	Ctrl+D Ctrl+I	PROFINET-IO-System (100)
	Ethernet	•	Edit Ethernet Node
	PROFIBUS	+	Verify Device Name Assign Device Name
	Save Service Data	l	

15) Click the **Assign name** button to give the RTA gateway a name. This name will appear on the RTA PROFINET configuration page. If you would like to assign your own name simple right click on the RTA device and select the objects properties.

Assign device r	iame					- ×
Device name:	rta-460ps		•	Device	460PSxx	
Available devic	es:				,	
IP address	MAC address	Device type	Device name		Assign name	1
192.168.0.101	1 00-03-F4-09-8C-49	460PSxx	rta-460ps		Node flashing test	
					Duration (seconds):	3 💌
					Flashing on	lashing off
🔲 Show only d	devices of the same ty	pe 🔲 Display	only devices withou	it names		
Update	Exp	port				
Close						Help



16) Expand the Standard node on the right panel to show the available modules to insert (Refer to the picture in Step 11).

Input Slots (460PSMC to Profinet IO)			Output Slots (Profinet IO to 460PSMC)			
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	
1	128 🗸	8 Bit Int 🗸	11	128 🗸	8 Bit Int 🗸	

To match the above configuration in the 460 gateway, add one 128-byte input module to slot 1, and one 128-byte output module to slot 11.

Siemens PLC Configuration:

-	(1) ps01						
Slot	Module	Order number	I address	Q address	Diagnostic address:	Comment	
0	🛉 ps01	66K1 953-0CAU			2042*		
-87	Interface				2041*		
F1	🚦 R.145 10/100				2040*		
1	🚦 128 bytes I		0127				
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10	_						
11	📕 128 bytes O			0127			
12							
13							

17) When finished, click the Save and Compile button and then the Download to PLC button.



NOTE: When using a Short String Data Type, the 1st byte of each slot is reserved for the Length field. The remaining bytes will be used for the actual data.

Terminology Note and Example: I addresses refer to input, Q addresses refer to output, %B refers to bytes and %W refers to words. So in this case, %IB0 would be used to represent how many bytes to read starting from %IB1 up to %IB127. Likewise, %QB0 would be used to represent how many bytes of information to write starting from %QB1 up to %QB127.

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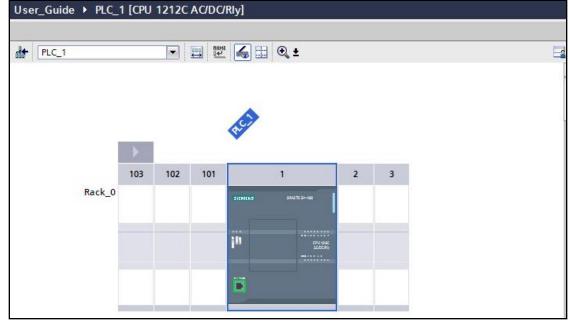


Setting up the PLC- Example Using TIA Portal

This is how you would set up the following example in your controller.

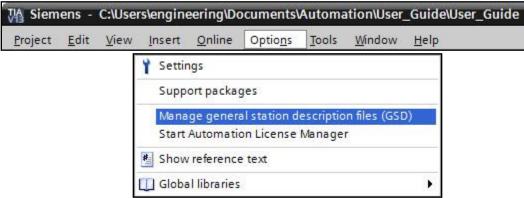
Input	Slots (460PS	SMC to Profinet IO)	Outpu	it Slots (Prof	inet IO to 460PSMC)
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	8 🗸	16 Bit Uint 🗸	11	32 🗸	32 Bit Int 🗸
2	128 🗸	32 Bit Uint 🗸	12	Disabled 🗸	16 Bit Int 🗸

1) In your project, click the Device View tab and select your PLC.



2) IF YOU HAVE ALREADY INSTALLED THE GSD FILE, SKIP TO STEP 9.

OTHERWISE - Under Options, select Manage general station description file (GSD).



3) On the RTA PROFINET IO Server configuration page, download the zip file



GSDML and Graphic Files

GSDML-V2.35-RTA-460PS-20190930.zip

- 4) Browse to folder containing the GSD file.
- 5) Check the box to the left of the imported path and click **Install**.

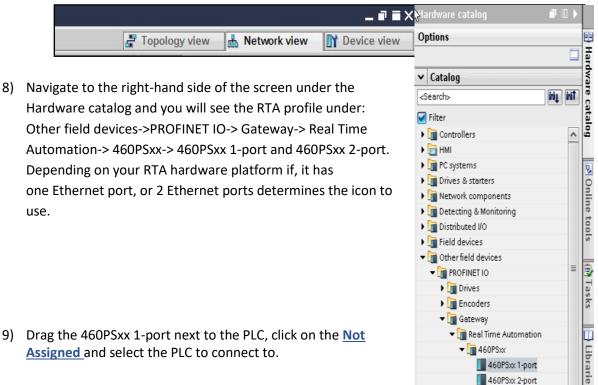
th: C:\Users\engineering\Desktop								
nported path								
	Version	Language	Status					
34-RTA-460PSpx-20190219.xml	V2.34	English	Already installed					
	nported path	C:\Users\engineering\Desktop nported path Version	C:\Users\engineering\Desktop ported path Version Language	C:\Users\engineering\Desktop ported path Version Language Status				

6) Click **Close** when it was installed successfully.

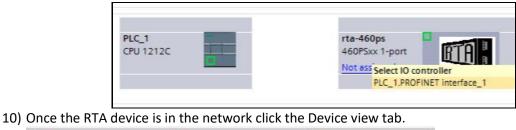
ista	allation result			
N	/lessage			
•	Installation was completed success	fully.		



7) Click the Network View tab in your project.



9) Drag the 460PSxx 1-port next to the PLC, click on the Not Assigned and select the PLC to connect to.



- 📲 Topology view 📥 Network view Device view
- 11) From the dropdown menu select rta-460ps. Right click on the RTA device to select Properties.

d+	rta-460ps	- 🖽 '	
-	<select device=""></select>	1	-
	PLC_1		-
	rta-460ps		

- 12) Go down to the Ethernet addresses.
- 13) Be sure that the "IP address is set directly at the device" option is selected and uncheck the "Generate PROFINET device name automatically."

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🕶 <u>)</u> 460PSxx

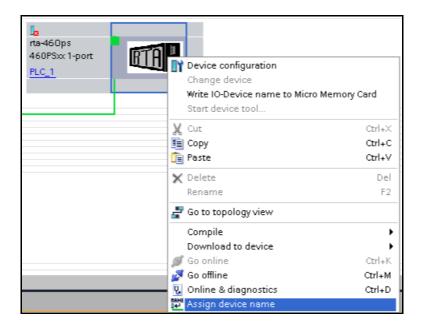
🚺 460PSxx 1-port 460PSxx 2-port



- a. *The **PROFINET Device Name** field is the name to assign to the RTA gateway
- b. *Make sure the PROFINET device and the gateway are on the same network.

rta-460ps [Module]		
General IO tags Sys	tem constants Texts	
✓ General Catalog information	Ethernet addresses	
✓ PROFINET interface [X1] General	Interface networked with	
Ethernet addresses	Subnet:	PN/IE_3
 Advanced options 		Add new subnet
Interface options		
 Real time settings IO cycle 	IP protocol	
RJ45 10/100 MBit/s [×1 P1]	Use IP protocol	
Hardware identifier	_ ·	Set IP address in the project
Identification & Maintenance		
Hardware identifier		IP address: 10 . 1 . 0 . 1
		Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0 . 0
		Use router
		Router address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0
		• IP address is set directly at the device
	PROFINET	
		Generate PROFINET device name automatically
	PROFINET device name	rta-460ps
	Converted name:	rta-460ps
	Device number:	1

14) Right click on the RTA device and select the Assign device name.





15) Select the RTA device and click the **Assign name** button to give the RTA a valid name on the network. Once the RTA gateway is in run mode this name will appear on the PROFINET web page.

	ce name.						
		Configured PROF	FINET devi	ce			
and the second second		PROFINET device	e name:	rta-460ps		•	
		Online access					
		Type of the PG/PC in	nterface:	🖳 PN/IE 💌			
		PG/PC in	nterface: []	🔊 ASIX AX88772 USB2.0	<mark>) to Fast Ethernet Adapt</mark> .	. 🔹 🖲 💽	
		Device filter					
5		Device filter					
		🛃 Only show a	devices of the	e same type			
		Only show o	devices with	bad parameter settings			
		Only show o	devices with	outnames			
	Accessible dev	ices in the network:					
	Accessible dev IP address	ices in the network: MAC address	Device type	PROFINET device name	Status		
	-		Device type RTA	PROFINET device name rta-460ps	Status		
	IP address	MAC address					
.	IP address	MAC address					
	IP address	MAC address					
Flash LED	IP address	MAC address					
Flash LED	IP address	MAC address					

16) To match the above configuration in the 460 gateway, add one 8-byte input module to slot 1, one 128-byte input module to slot 2, and one 32-byte output module to slot 11.

Input Slots (460PSMC to Profinet IO)				it Slots (Prof	inet IO to 460PSMC)
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	8 🗸	16 Bit Uint 🗸	11	32 🗸	32 Bit Int 🗸
2	128 🗸	32 Bit Uint 🗸	12	Disabled V	16 Bit Int 🗸



17) Expand the Module list under the catalog on the right panel to show the available modules to insert into the device overview slots.

		_		📲 Topology vi	ew	🖁 Network	view	🛐 Device view	w	Options
)1		Device	e overview							
	^	**	Module	Rack	Slot	l address	Q addr	Туре		✓ Catalog
			▼ ps01	0	0			Standard	^	<search></search>
			Interface	0	0 ×1			ps01		🖂 Filter
P301			8 bytes I_1	0	1	18		8 bytes I		• 📑 Head module
8.			128 bytes I_1	0	2	68195		128 bytes I		✓ Module
				0	3					128 bytes
				0	4				=	
				0	5					16 bytes I
				0	6					16 bytes C
	<u> </u>			0	7					32 bytes l
				0	8					32 bytes C
				0	9				1	🚺 64 bytes I
				0	10					🚺 64 bytes O
			32 bytes O_1	0	11		132	32 bytes O		8 bytes l
				0	12					🚺 8 bytes O
				0	13					
				0	14					
				0	15					

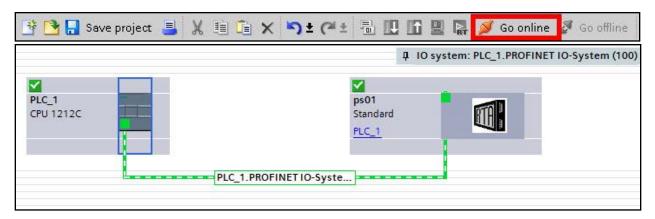
To insert a module, double click to add it to the next available slot.

Terminology Note and Example: I addresses refer to input, Q addresses refer to output, %B refers to bytes and %W refers to words. So in this case, you would use %IB1-8, %IB68-195 and %QB1-32 to access the data to/from the gateway in the PLC.

18) the Network view tab, click the port of PLC, click the Compile button and Download to Device button (in red).

```
📑 📑 🔚 Save project 📑 🐰 🛅 🖆 🗙 🌎 \pm (\overset{\bullet}{=} 🔂 🛄 🚹 🖳 🖓 Go online 🖉 Go offline
```

19) Once everything is downloaded to the PLC there will be a green check box on both devices, then click **Go Online** (see red box).





NOTE: When using a Short String Data Type, the 1st byte of each slot is reserved for the Length field. The remaining bytes will be used for the actual data.



S7 Client Configuration

Click the **S7 Client PLC** button to access the configuration page.

- 1) Select which **Network Interface** to use for this S7 client PLC connection. If using single port hardware, the Network Interface will default to Ethernet Port only.
- 2) **Delay Between Messages**: Enter the length of time to delay between read and write scan line requests (ms).
- 3) **Response Timeout**: Enter the amount of time the gateway should wait before a timeout is issued for a read/write request (ms).
- 4) **Delay Between Connect Attempts**: Enter the amount of time the gateway should wait between attempts to connect to the PLC.
- 5) **Dependency Protocol**: If enabled, the Siemens S7 PLC communication will stop if communication to the selected protocol is lost.

S7 Client Configuration	Help
Network Interface: Ethernet Port	t 1 (10.1.16.49) 🔻
Delay Between Messages: 100	10-60000 ms
Response Timeout: 500	50-60000 ms
Delay Between Connect Attempts: 1000	1000-60000 ms
Dependency Protocol: None	
Save Parameters	



External Server Configuration

The bottom area of the S7 Client Configuration page lets you configure up to 5 external S7 server devices.

1) To add additional server connections, click the -Select- dropdown under S7 Client Device List and select **Add Generic Server** option.

S7 Client Device List		
	-Select- V Delete Server	
	<< 1 >>	
	1-2	

- a) If you are configuring multiple devices click << or >> to navigate to another device.
- b) To create a new server with the same parameters already configured from another server, click the -Select- dropdown and select the Add from S7 X option (where X represents the server you wish to copy parameters from). Once created, you can make any additional changes needed to that new server.
- c) To remove a device, navigate to the server to delete using the << and >> buttons and click the **Delete Server** button.
- d) Click the **Save Parameters** button to save changes before restarting or going to another configuration page.
- 2) The **Enable** check box should be selected for the device.
- 3) Enter a **Device Label** to identify the device within the gateway.
- 4) Enter the unique **IP Address** that matches the server. If this value doesn't match, the gateway will timeout.
- 5) Enter the **Rack** number of the S7 server. If this value doesn't match, the gateway will not be able to open a connection.
- 6) Enter the **Slot** number of the S7 server. If this value doesn't match, the gateway will not be able to open a connection.
- 7) Enter the number of Read Scan Lines and Write Scan Lines.
- 8) Click the **Generate Scan Lines** button to have the read and write scan lines generated for you.

Enable		S7 Se	rver 1			
Device L	abel SC01			IP Address 0.0	.0.0	
Rack 0	0-6553	5		Slot 0	0-655	535
# of Read Sca	an Lines 0	0-150	# (of Write Scan Li	nes 0	0-150
		Generate	Scan Lines			
View F	Read Scan Lines			View W	rite Scan Line	es



Configuring Read and Write Scan Lines

Follow these steps to manually configure read and write scan lines.

1) Click the View Read Scan Lines or View Write Scan Lines button.

	View Read Scan Lines					View Write Sca	an Lines
Read S	Scan L	ines (S7 t	to 460MCSC)				
	<u>ل</u>	Line #	Point Type	Address Name	Byte Offset	Bit Offset	# of Points *See Limits Below
		1	8 Bit Int 🗸		0	0	1
				<1-	1>>		

	View Rea	ad Scan Lines	View Write Sca	an Lines					
Vrite Scan	rite Scan Lines (460MCSC to S7)								
	Line #	Point Type	Address Name	Byte Offset	Bit Offset	# of Points *See Limits Below			
	1	8 Bit Int 🗸		0	0	1			
< 1-1 >>									

- 2) Select a **Point Type** for each scan line. Options include: 8 Bit Int, 16 Bit Int, 32 Bit Int, 32 Bit Float, Bool, Char.
 - a) **Char Point Type:** When using a Char Data Type, the 1st byte of each Memory address is reserved for the Length field. The remaining bytes will be used for the actual data. You must use an array of Char. String data type is not supported.
- 3) Select an Address Name- Choose if the data address is an input address(I), output address(Q) or Data Block(DB#).
 - a) **Note:** Input address(I) is only available in the RTA gateway write direction (460SC to S7)
- 4) Enter a **Byte Offset** Enter the first data address you want to read/write within the scan line.
- 5) Enter a **Bit Offset** Only for Bool data type. Enter the offset to the desired bit of the data address you want to read/write within the scan line.
 - a) Bits are organized from left to right, 7 down to 0. The value will be set to 0 for non-Bool data types.
- 6) Enter the **# of consecutive points** to read for that point/data type. See the *Scan Line Data Limit* section at the bottom of the webpage for max values in a scan line.



Example 1: 8 Bit Int, I Address, Byte 10, Offset 0, with # of Points 5 will read memory addresses IB10 to IB14.

	Line #	Point Type	Address Name	Byte Offset	Bit Offset	# of Points *See Limits Below			
	1	8 Bit Int 🗸	[10	0	5			
< << 1-1 >>									

Example 2: 16 Bit Int, Q Address, Byte 10, Offset 0, with # of Points 5 will write memory addresses IW10 to IW19. Address 10-11 will be first 16-bit int, 12-13 will be the second 16-bit int, etc.

	Line #	Point Type	Address Name	Byte Offset	Bit Offset	# of Points *See Limits Below			
	1	16 Bit Int 🗸	Q	10	0	5			

Example 3: 32 Bit Float, I Address, Byte 10, Offset 0, with # of Points 5 will read memory addresses ID10 to ID29. Address 10-13 will be first 32-bit float, 14-17 will be the second 32-bit int, etc.

	Line #	Point Type	Address Name	Byte Offset	Bit Offset	# of Points *See Limits Below			
	1	32 Bit Float 🗸	I	10	0	5			
() () (

Example 4: 16 Bit, DB5 Address, Byte 10, Offset 0, with # of Points 5 will read memory addresses of DB5.DBX10. Address DB5.DBX10 will be first 16 bit, DB5.DBX12 will be next, etc.

	Line #	Point Type	Address Name	Byte Offset	Bit Offset	# of Points *See Limits Below			
	1	16 Bit Int 🗸	DB5	10	0	5			

Terminology Note and Example: I addresses refer to input, Q addresses refer to output, %B refers to bytes and %W refers to words %D refers to DWord. Example, %IB68 would be used to read the byte offset based on the number of points. If reading a input/output for Bool, the bit offset would read the bit. Example, %I68.0 - %I68.7 or %Q68.0 - %68.7

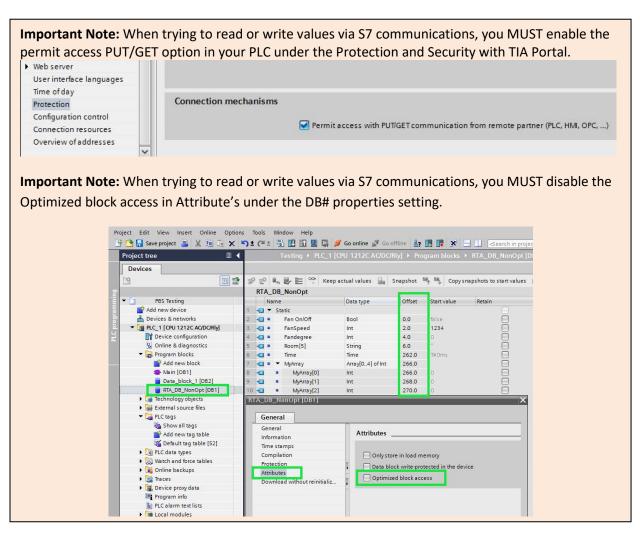


Configuring Read and Write Scan Lines (cont.)

If you are configuring multiple devices, click << or >> to navigate to another device. If this is the only device you are configuring, click the **Save Parameters** button.

Below is the Scan Line Data Limit for each Point Type and the max length range associated to them.

can Line Data Limit		
	Point Type	Max # of Points
	8 Bit Int	400
	16 Bit Int	200
	32 Bit Int	100
	32 Bit Float	100
	Bool	1
	Char	255



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Mapping - Transferring Data Between Devices

There are 5 ways to move data from one protocol to the other. You can combine any of the following options to customize your gateway as needed.

Option 1 – Data Auto-Configure Mappings: The gateway will automatically take the data type (excluding strings) from one protocol and look for the same data type defined in the other protocol. If there isn't a matching data type, the gateway will map the data to the largest available data type. See Data Auto-Configure section for more details.

Option 2 – String Auto-Configure: The gateway will automatically take the string data type from one protocol and map it into the other. See String Auto-Configure section for more details.

Option 3 – Manual Configure Mappings: If you don't want to use the Auto-Configure Mappings function, you must use the manual mapping feature to configure translations.

Option 4 – Manipulation/Scaling: You can customize your data by using math operations, scaling, or bit manipulation. See Data Mapping-Explanation section for more details.

Option 5 – Move Diagnostic Information: You can manually move diagnostic information from the gateway to either protocol. Diagnostic information is not mapped in Auto-Configure Mappings Mode. See Diagnostic Info section for more details.

Going from Manual Mapping to Auto-Mapping will delete ALL mappings and manipulations configured.

41



Display Mapping and Values

The Display Data and Display String pages are where you can view the actual data for each mapping that is set up.

Display Data

Click the **Display Data** button to view how the data is mapped and what the values of each mapping are.



Here you will see how each data point (excluding strings) is mapped. To view, select the device from the dropdown menu and click **View** to generate the information regarding that device. Then select either the **Protocol 1 to Protocol 2** or **Protocol 2 to Protocol 1** button, correlating to the direction you wish to see the data.

Display Data	Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Device Modbus TCP Server IP Address: 0.0.0.0 View	
Protocol 1 to Protocol 2	Protocol 2 to Protocol 1



This page is very useful when verifying that all data is mapped somehow from one protocol to another. If a data point is not mapped, it will display on this page in a yellow highlighted box. The Display Data page will display up to 200 mappings per page, simply navigate to the next page for the additional mapping to display.

Mo	dbus RTU to BACne	et/IP			BACnet/IP to Modb	us RTU
			< 1 > Displaying 1-201 of 3	> 300		
	Modbus RTU		460MMBS →→		BACnet/IP	
Name	Valu	e (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Value	(Hex)
400001			$\rightarrow \rightarrow$	AI1		
400002			→→	AI2	Mapping Dis	abled for Point
400003			>>	AI3		

In the above example, we see the following:

- Modbus register 400001 from Slave 1 is being mapped to Al1 on BACnet
- Nothing is being moved from Modbus register 400002 to Al2 on BACnet because the mapping is disabled
- Modbus register 400003 from Slave 1 is being mapped to AI3 on BACnet

NOTE: If a data point is mapped twice, only the first instance of it will show here. EX: If Modbus 400001 & 400040 from Slave 1 are both mapped to Al1, only 400001 will show as being mapped to Al1.

If there are values of "--" on this page, it indicates that the source has not yet been validated and no data is being sent to the destination.

The example below reflects the Modbus to PLC flow of data. The Modbus (left side) is the source and the PLC (right side) is the destination.

- The 460 gateway has received valid responses from Modbus registers 400001- 400005 and therefore can pass the data on to the PLC tag called MC2PLC_INT.
- The 460 gateway has NOT received valid responses from Modbus register 400011 & 400012. As
 a result, the data cannot be passed to the PLC tag ETC01_GN0_INT2 and indicates so by using "- "in the value column of the table.



Display Data	a					Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Device	e Modbus TC	CP Server IP Address	s: 10.1.16.16	View		
	Modbus TCP/I	P to PLC		P	LC to Modbus	TCP/IP
				1 >> g 1-7 of 7		
	Modbus [·]	TCP/IP		тсмс ➔	PLC	
Name		Value (Hex)	Manip	ulation Name	Valu	ıe (Hex)
400001	15	0x000F	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[0]	15	0x000F
400002	1495	0x05D7	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[1]	1495	0x05D7
400003	1	0x0001	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[2]	1	0x0001
400004	23	0x0017	→ →	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[3]	23	0x0017
400005	3	0x0003	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[4]	3	0x0003
400011			→→	ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_INT[0]		
400012			→→	ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_INT[1]		

To view the actual data mappings, click the **Edit Mapping** button. For more details, see the Data Mapping-Explanation section.

To view the data mappings purely as text, click the **View as Text** button. For more details, see the View Data Mapping as Text section.



Display String

Click the **Display String** button to view what the values of each Parsing and/or Concatenating strings are, you can also click on the Edit Mapping to view the mapping of each string.

	Main Page					
CON	IFIGURATION					
	Network Configuration					
	Port Configuration					
	ASCII					
	Allen-Bradley PLC					
	Display Data					
L L	Display String					
	Restart Now					
DIAC	SNOSTICS					
	-Select-					
OTHER -Select-						

To view the source or destination groups from a string, click the dropdown menu to generate the information regarding that device. The string data will be displayed in both Hex and ASCII (only the ASCII data is sent). The example below shows data that is coming from the source device. A group will be displayed for each Parsing/Concatenating String field that is configured.

Dis	play S	tring	3												Edit Mapping View as Text
Sele	ect a Gro	oup	Src:	Lir	ne 1	Ba	rco	de S	car	ner		~	and a String Barcode Scanner V	(11 bytes)	
	0000:	68	65	6C	6C	6F	20	77	6F	72	6C	64	hello world		

In the Group drop down, "Line1" is defined on the ASCII Device configuration page and "Barcode Scanner" is defined in the ASCII Parsing configuration.

C Enable ASCII I	Device 1
Port Port 1 (DB9)	Device Label Line1
LED Inactivity 0 0-60000 s	Operation Mode Mark Data New on New Message 🗸

Field	Start Location	Length	Data Type	Internal Tag Name	
1:	1	0	String 🗸	Barcode Scanner	



If there are values of "Data Not Valid "on this page, it indicates that the source has not been validated yet and no data is being sent to the destination.

Display String	Edit Mapping
	View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line 1 Barcode Scanner V and a String Barcode Scanner (0 bytes)	
Data Not Valid	

NOTE: You can view the whole string data by clicking on **Diagnostics Info** drop down and navigating to ASCII Diagnostics page. You will also have to select the port you want to view in the dropdown below ASCII.

Diagnostics					
ASCII	View				
Port 1 (DB9) ~	View				

To view the string mappings, click the **Edit Mapping** button. For more details see the **String Mapping-Explanation** section.

Display String	Edit Mapping
	view as Text
Select a Group Src: Line 1 Barcode Scanner v and a String Barcode Scanner v (11 byte	es)
0000: 68 65 6C 6C 6F 20 77 6F 72 6C 64 hello world	

NOTE: Only String data types can be mapped to another String data type.

String Mapping Configuration Help							
Manual Configure # of Mappings to Configure: 1 0-250 Set Max # of Mappings							
C Enable	Mapping 1						
Source Destination							
Group: Line 1 Barcode Scanner		Group: ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_STRIN String: ETC01_G2N0_STRING					

To view the string mappings purely as text, click the **View as Text** button. For more details see the **View String Mapping** as Text section.



Display String use case

Sending a message of "RTA,Support,Rocks" from an ASCII device to the RTA unit. The ASCII Parsing Configuration would look like my example below. There are more detailed examples of what all the fields represent in the ASCII Parsing section.

	ASCII Device 1 (Line1)							
Max	Number of Fields	: 3	1-50	Min Numb	per of Fields: 1 1-50			
		Parsing D	elimiter:	, 44 0x2c	▼			
	Update Fields							
Field	Start Location	Length	Dat	ta Type	Internal Tag Name			
1:	1	0	String	~	Header 1			
2:	1	0	String	~	Header 2			
3:	1	0	String	~	Header 3			

The message is broken up into 3 "Groups" or Parsing fields.

Display String		Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line1 Header 1	and a String Header 1 V (3 bytes)	
0000: 52 54 41	RTA	
Display String		Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line1 Header 2	and a String Header 2 V (7 bytes)	
0000: 53 75 70 70 6F 72 74	Support	
Display String		Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line1 Header 3	and a String Header 3 V (5 bytes)	
0000: 52 6F 63 6B 73	Rocks	

To view the Entire message, click on the Diagnostic drop down, select Diagnostics Info. Select ASCII, click view, select your Port. Whole data will be in the Last Message Sent Diagnostic box.

Diagnostics	st Message Sent (17 bytes)	
Diagnostics	0000: 52 54 41 2C 53 75 70 70 6F 72	74 2C 52 6F 63 6B RTA,Support,Rock
ASCII View Port 1 (DB9) View	0016: 73	S



Data and String Mapping – Auto-Configure

The Auto-Configure function looks at both protocols and will map the data between the two protocols as best as it can so that all data is mapped. Inputs of like data types will map to outputs of the other protocols like data types first. If a matching data type cannot be found, then the largest available data type will be used. Only when there is no other option is data truncated and mapped into a smaller data type.

If the Auto-Configure function does not map the data as you want or you want to add/modify the mappings, you may do so by going into Manual Configure mode.

The following are examples of the Auto-Configure function.

1) This example shows a common valid setup.



- a. Both Source values were able to be mapped to a corresponding Destination value.
- 2) This example shows how Auto-Configure will make its best guess.

Source	Destination
8-bit Sint	8-bit Sint
16-bit Int	16-bit Int
32-bit Uint	32-bit Uint
32-bit Float	32-bit Uint

 a. The 32-bit Float from the Source location could not find a matching Destination data-type. After all other like data types were mapped, the only data type available was the 2nd 32-bit Uint data type. Auto-Configure was completed even though the data in the Float will be truncated.



Data Mapping – Explanation

Below are the different parts that can be modified to make up a data mapping.



- 1) Enable (red box above): Check to enable mapping. If not checked, this mapping is skipped.
- 2) Source Field (yellow box above):
 - a) Group Select the data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) Start This is the starting point for this mapping.
 - c) End This is the final point to be included for this mapping.
- 3) Manipulation Area (green box above):
 - a) Enable the Data Manipulation. This can be enabled for any mapping.
 - b) Click Add Math Operation for each operation needed. Up to 3 are allowed unless you are using the Scale, Set Bit, or Invert Bit functions. If using Scale, Set Bit, or Invert Bit, then only 1 operation is allowed.
 - c) Select the Operation(s) to perform.
 - i) Math Operations are performed in the order they are selected.
 - ii) If more than one point is selected on the source, the Math Operations will be performed on every point.
 - d) Enter the value(s) for the operation.



Example of Add (similar for Subtract, Multiple, Divide, and MOD). This will add a value of 10 to the source field before it is written to the destination field.

	Enable Enable	Manip	oulation
	Scale		~
Src 🗌	1	to	10
Dst	1	to	100

Example of Scale. This will scale the source values from 1-10 into 1-100 for the destination.

B	Enable	Manipulation
	Set Bit	*
Src		Dst
	0	5
(0-15)		(0-15)

Example of Set Bit (similar to Invert Bit). This will take the value of the Oth source bit and copy it into the value of the 5th destination bit.

- 4) Destination Field (blue box above):
 - a) Group Select the data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) Start This is the starting point for where the data is being stored.
 - c) End The End point is derived from the length of the source and cannot be modified.
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 49
 1-800-249-1612



Data Mapping – Adding Diagnostic Information

Data Mapping offers 5 different types of information in addition to any scan lines specified for each protocol.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Only add Diagnostic Information **AFTER** both sides of the gateway have been configured. If changes to either protocol are made after diagnostic information has been added to the mapping table, it is necessary to verify all mappings. Remapping may be necessary.

1) Temporary Ram (Int64)

- a) This offers five levels of 64bit Integer space to assist in multiple stages of math operations. For example, you may wish to scale and then add 5. You can set up a single translation to scale with the destination as the temporary ram. Then another translation to add 5 with the source as the temporary ram.
- b) The gateway will automatically convert the Source to fit the Destination, so there is no need for Int 8, 16, 32 since the 64 may be used for any case.

Enable	Mapping 1						
Source	B/	🗹 Enable	Manipulation	Destination			
Group: Temporary Ram0 Start: Ram0 End: Ram0	X	Scale Src 1 Dst 1	to 10 to 100	Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64) Start: Ram1 End: Ram1			
🗹 Enable	Mapping 2						
Source		🗹 Enabl	e Manipulation	Destination			
Group: Temporary Ram0 Start: Ram1 End: Ram1		Add Add M	▼ 5 ath Operation	Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64)			

In this example, Ram0 is scaled into Ram1. Ram1 is then increased by 5 and stored into Ram2. Ram0 and Ram2 could be considered a source or destination group.

2) Temporary Ram (Double)

a) This is like the Temporary Ram (Int 64), except manipulations will be conducted against the 64bit floating point to allow for large data.

3) Ticks Per Second

a) The gateway operates at 200 ticks per second. This equates to one tick every 5ms. Thus, mapping this to a destination will give easy confirmation of data flow without involving one of the two protocols. If data stops on the destination end, then the RTA is offline.

Enable Mapping 1						
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination				
Group: Ticks Since Powerup (Uint32) Start: Since Powerup End: Since Powerup	• • • • •	Group: BS01 Al1 (Float) Start: Al1 Children Al1				



4) XY_NetBmpStat

a) If a protocol is a Client/Master, there is a Network Bitmap Status that is provided on the Diagnostics Info page under the Variables section.

10	
Modbus RTU Master	
Device Status	
Connected and Running	
LED Status	
Connection Status:	Connected
Variables	
Network Bitmap Status:	0x000001f

- b) Since a Client/Master may be trying to communicate with multiple devices on the network, it may be beneficial to know if a Server/Slave device is down. By using this Network Bitmap Status, you can expose the connection statuses of individual devices. **Values shown are in HEX.**
 - i) 0x0000002 shows that only device 2 is connected
 - ii) 0x00000003 shows that only devices 1 and 2 are connected
 - iii) 0x0000001f shows that all 5 devices are connected (shown in image above)
- c) There are multiple ways to map the NetBmpStat.

Option 1: Map the whole 32bit value to a destination. Example below shows the NetBmpStat is going to an Analog BACnet object. Using a connection of 5 Modbus Slave devices Al1 will show a value of 31.0000. Open a calculator with programmer mode and type in 31, this will represent bits 0 - 4 are on. This mean all 5 devices are connected and running.

If using an AB PLC with a Tag defined as a Dint, then expand the tag within your RSlogix software to expose the bit level and define each bit as a description such as device1, device2, etc.

C Enable	Mapping 1						
Source		Enable Manipulation	Destination				
Group: MM NetBmpStat (Uint32) Start: NetBmpStat Contemp Stat Contemp	•	• -> • •	Group: BS01 Al1 (Float) Start: Al1 Contemporation Al1				

Option 2: You can extract individual bits from the NetBmpStat by using the Set Bit Manipulation and map those to a destination. You'll need a mapping for each device you want to monitor. Example below shows Modbus device 2 (out of 5) is being monitor to a BACnet Binary Object. You can define the object in the BACnet Name configuration.

C Enable	Enable Mapping 1							
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination						
Group: MM NetBmpStat (Uint32) Start: NetBmpStat End: NetBmpStat	Set Bit Src Dst 1 0 (0-31) (0)	Group: BS01 BI1 (Bit1) Start: BI1 End: BI1						



5) Status_XY

a) There are two Statuses provided, one for each protocol. This gives access to the overall status of that Protocol. Each Bit has its own meaning as follows:

Commo	on Status:	0x000000FF	(bit 0-7)1 st byte
Hex:	Bit Position:	Decimal:	Explanation:
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x04 0x08 0x10 0x20 0x40	0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	0 1 2 4 8 16 32 64	if we are a Slave/Server if we are a Master/Client connected (0 not connected) first time scan idle (usually added to connected) running (usually added to connected) bit not used recoverable fault
0x80	7	128	nonrecoverable fault

For this example, the ETC Status is mapped to a PLC tag called PLC_Status

		PLC to	Modbus TC	P/IP			Modbus TCP/I	P to PLC
			PLC		460ETCMC €€		Modbus TC	:P/IP
Nam	1e		Valu	ıe (Hex)	Manipulatio		Val	lue (Hex)
PLC_S	tatus		19	0x00000013	*	ETC Status	19	0x00000013
Examp	ole: E	TC Sta	atus is Ox	00000013 (19	decimal), hei	e is the	break down	
	He	(Bit	Decimal	Expl	anation		
	0x0	1	0(on)	1	if we are	a Mas	ter/Client	
	0x0	2	1(on)	2	connected	(0 no	t connected	d)
	<u>0x1</u>	0	4(on)	16	running (usuall	y added to	connected)
	Tot	al:	0x13	19				
Exte	rnal	. Fa	ults:		0x0000FF	00 (bi	t 8-15)2 nd	' byte
Hex:	<u>Bit</u>	: Po	sition:	Decimal	Expl	anatio	n:	
0x00		8		0	loc	al con	trol	
0x01		8		256	rem	otely	idle	
0x02		9		512			faulted	
0x04		10		1,024			to depender	-
0x08		11		2,048	fau	lted d	ue to depen	ndency
Reco	vera	ble	Fault	s: 0x00F	F0000 (bi	t 16	23)3 rd byt	e
Hex:	<u>Bit</u>	E Pos	sition:	Decimal	Expl	anatio	<u>n:</u>	
0x01			16	65,530	6 rec	overab	le fault -	timed out
0x02			17	131,0		overab	le fault -	Slave err

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Non-Recoverable Faults 0xFF000000 (bit 24-31)4th byte

Hex:	Bit Position	: Decimal:	Explanation:
0x01	24	16,777,216	nonrecoverable fault - task fatal err
0x02	25	33,554,432	nonrecoverable fault - config missing
0x04	26	67,108,864	nonrecoverable fault - bad hardware port
0x08	27	134,217,728	nonrecoverable fault - config err
0x10 0x20	28 29	268,435,456 536,870,912	Configuration Mode No Ethernet Cable Plugged In

For this example, the MC Status is mapped to a PLC tag called MC_Status

	PLC to Modbus T	CP/IP			Modbus TCP/IF	P to PLC
	PLC		460ETCMC		Modbus TC	P/IP
Name	Val	ue (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Val	ue (Hex)
MC_Status	65601	0x00010041	44	MC Status	65601	0x00010041

Example: MC Status is 0x00010041 (65601 decimal), here is the break down, we know that bytes 1 and 3 are being used, so here is the break down,

Commo	n Status	:	
Hex:	<u>Bit:</u>	Decimal:	Explanation:
0x01	0(on)	1	if we are a Master/Client
0x40	6(on)	64	recoverable fault
Recov <u>Hex:</u>	erable F <u>Bit:</u>	'aults: Decimal:	Explanation:
0x01	16	65,536	recoverable fault - timed
0x0100	41	65,601	

Total:



String Mapping – Explanation

Below are the different parts that can be modified to make up a string mapping.

String data types can only be mapped to other string data types. There is no manipulation that can be done on the string.

Enable	Mapping 1	3.
Source		Destination
Group: Line 1 Barcode Scanner	• • -> • •	Group: ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_STRIN▼ String: ETC01_G2N0_STRING ▼

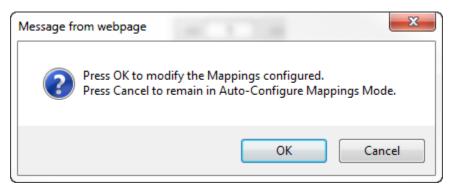
- 1) Enable (red box above): Check to enable mapping. If not checked, this mapping is skipped.
- 2) Source Field (yellow box above):
 - a) Group Select the string data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) String This is the string used for this mapping.
- 3) Destination Field (green box above):
 - a) Group Select the string data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) String This is the string where the data is being stored.



Mapping – Auto-Configure Mode to Manual Configure Mode

To transition from Auto-Configure Mapping Mode to Manual Configure Mode, click the dropdown at the top of the Mapping Configuration page and select Manual Configure.

After you click this button, you will be prompted to confirm if this is really what you want to do.



Click **OK** to proceed to Manual Configure Mode or click **Cancel** to remain in Auto-Configure Mappings Mode.

Once OK is clicked, there are 2 options on how to proceed from here.

Message from	n webpage	x
	Press OK to keep the current Mappings. Press Cancel to Delete all Mappings.	
	OK Cancel	

- 1) To keep the mappings that are already configured press **OK**.
 - a) You would want this option if you are adding additional mappings or you want to modify the mapping(s) that already exist.
- 2) To delete the mappings that are already there and start over press **Cancel**.

To modify the number of mappings, enter a number in the text field next to **# of Mappings to Configure** and click the **Set Max # of Mappings** button. You can always add more mappings if needed.



Mapping – Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mode

To transition from Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mapping Mode, click the dropdown menu at the top of the Mapping Configuration page and select Auto-Configure Mappings.

Message fr	rom webpage
?	Press OK to delete the current Mappings and go back to Auto-Configure Mappings mode. Press Cancel to keep Mappings and remain in current Mode.
	OK Cancel

Click **OK** to proceed to delete all current mappings and go back to Auto-Configure Mappings Mode. Click **Cancel** to keep all mappings and remain in Manual Configure Mode.

NOTE: Once you revert to Auto-Configure Mapping Mode there is no way to recover the mappings you lost. Any mappings you previously have added will be deleted as well.



View as Text

Data Mapping

The View as Text page displays the point to point mapping(s) you set up in the Data Mapping section. This will also display any manipulation(s) that are configured.

Each line on this page will read as follows:

Mapping *number*: *source point* **Len**: *Number of points mapped* -> *manipulation* (*if blank then no manipulation*) -> *destination point*

If you are looking for a specific point to see if it is mapped, you can do a find in this text box for your point in question. Example: you defined 20 Registers starting at register 1 and want to see if 400011 is mapped. If it is not in this text box, then it is not mapped, and no data will be transferred.

This is the text display for the example shown under the *Data Mapping- Adding Diagnostic Information* section.

		5)ata	Mapping			
Mapping 1: Mapping 2:	Temporary RamO Temporary Ram1				1:100 -> Temporary Ram2	Temporary H	Ram1

String Mapping

The View as Text page displays the string mapping(s) you set up in the String Mapping section.

Each line on this page will read as follows:

Mapping number: source point -> Copy -> destination point

If you are looking for a specific point to see if it is mapped, you can do a find in this text box for your point in question. Example: you defined 20 String Tags in the PLC and want to see if "Test_String" in the Logix PLC is mapped. If it is not in this text box, then it is not mapped, and no data will be transferred.

		String Mapping		
Mapping 1:	Logix Test_String	-> Copy ->	MCO2 400001	



Base Triggering – Data Validiation Triggering

With Base Triggering, you will be marking data as "Invalid" and force RTA Master/Controller/Client protocols to read all the read data points sources until ALL source protocols data is valid. You will be able to utilize the Handshake to map over to Technology Trigger and/or back over to your source protocol for reference.

How does this work?

- 1) Map the Triggering Variable (Source) over to Trigger # (Dest).
- 2) If Trigger # value changes states mark all Trigger # protocols read data as "Invalid".
- 3) Read all source read data points until ALL source read data is valid.
- 4) Handshake # value is set equal to Trigger # value.
- 5) Map Handshake **#** to reference data point.

Note: **#** is an internal reference to the Server/Slave number you are settings up. **ex**. RTA Server/Slave products can only be Trigger 1 and Handshake 1 since we are only 1 device. If RTA is a Master/Client, then you can have a Trigger# for each server/slave connected too.

How do you set this up?

In this example I'm using a 460MCBS. My Building Automation System wants to verify that all data read from Modbus TCP/IP Server is valid.

1) Add an extra Analog Output for your Trigger. This tells the RTA to mark all data invalid.

Write Data	Groups (BACn	et/IP to 460MCBS)		
	Data Group	Object Type	Starting Object	# of Objects
	1	Analog Output (32 Bit Float)	1	21
	2	Binary Output	1	0
	3	CharacterString Value	51	0

a) You can define AI21 as your validation name in the Setup BACnet Names Configuration.

		Setup BACn	et Names, Units, and	ICOV		
21	G01 🗸	Data Validation Trigger	Other 🗸	no-units	~	1.000000

2) Add another Analog Input as reference for when data has been validated. When you write from AO21 to validate data, the RTA will reply to AI40 saying "validation complete".

Data Group	Object Type	Starting Object # of Obje	cts
1	Analog Input (32 Bit Float)	1 40	
2	Binary Input	1 0	
3	CharacterString Value	1 0	



40 G01 V Data Validation Result Other V no-units	✓ 1.000000

- 3) Within the Data Mapping page manually add 2 additional mappings.
- 4) The first mapping is going to be the Data Validation Triggering. AO21 will write to the RTA, MC Trigger 1 will mark data invalid.

Enable				Mapping	j 2		
Source			Enable I	Manipulat	ion	Destination	
Group: BS01 AO1 (Float)	~					Group: MC Trigger 0 (Uint16)	~
Start: AO21	~	•	0 ⊂	\Rightarrow o	•	Start: Trigger 1	~
End: AO21	~					End: Trigger 1	

5) The second mapping, the MC Handshake will increment that all data is validated and write to Al21 "all data is validated". The value of Al40 and AO21 should be the same.

C Enable			Мар	ping	, 3			
Source		Enat	ole Mani	pulat	ion		Destination	
Group: MC Handshake 0 (Uint16)						Group:	BS01 AI1 (Float)	~
Start: Handshake 1 🗸	•	0	\Rightarrow	0	•	Start:	AI40	~
End: Handshake 1 🗸						End:	AI40	



Security Configuration

To setup security on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Security Configuration**. You can configure Security for 3 administrators, 5 users, and 1 guest.

THIS IS NOT A TOTAL SECURITY FEATURE

The security feature offers a way to password protect access to diagnostics and configuration on the network. The security feature does not protect against "Air Gap" threats. If the gateway can be physically accessed, security can be reset. All security can be disabled if physical contact can be made. From the login page, click the Reset Password button twice. You will be forced to do a hard reboot (power down) on the gateway within 15 minutes of clicking the button. This process should be used in the event a password is forgotten.

Note: Only Admins have configuration access to all web pages.

- Log Out Timer: The system will automatically log inactive users off after this period of time.
 NOTE: A time of 0 means that the user will not be automatically logged off. Instead, they must manually click the Logout button.
- 2) Username: Enter a username, max of 32 characters.
- 3) Password: Enter a password for the username, max of 32 characters, case sensitive.
 - a. Re-enter the Password
- 4) E-mail: In case the password was forgotten, a user can have their password e-mailed to them if e-mail was configured.
- 5) Hint: A helpful reminder of what the password is.

min Co	nfiguration				
Admin	Username	Password	Re-enter Password	Email	Hint
1				Not Configured	
2				Not Configured	
3				Not Configured	
ser Con	figuration	Adm	in Contact Informatio	on	
ser Con	figuration Username	Adm Password	in Contact Informatio Re-enter Password	Email	Hint
	2		Re-enter		Hint
User	2		Re-enter	Email	Hint
User 1 [2		Re-enter	Email Not Configured	Hint
User 1 [2 [2		Re-enter	Email Not Configured Not Configured	Hint



Security Configuration-Security Levels

Each webpage in the gateway can have a separate security level associated with it for each user.

Security Levels:

- 1) **Full Access**: Capability to view and configure a web page.
- 2) View Access: Capability to view a web page, but cannot configure parameters.
- 3) **No Access**: No capability of viewing the web page and page will be removed from Navigation.

Jser 1: Jser 2:	Web Page	Security
User 3: User 4: User 5:	All Web Pages	No Access 👻 Set
Guest	Web Page	Security
	Main Page	Full Access 💌
	Device Configuration	Full Access 👻
	Port Configuration	Full Access 💌
	BACnet/IP Server	Full Access 💙
	Modbus RTU Master	Full Access 💌
	View Mapping	Full Access 💙
	Mapping	Full Access 💙
Setup LED's Diagnostic Info		Full Access 💙
		Full Access 💙
	Logging	Full Access 💙
	Display Data	Full Access 💌
	Export Configuration	Full Access 💙
	Import Configuration	Full Access 💌
	Save As Template	Full Access 💙
	Load From Template	Full Access 💌
	Utilities	Full Access 💙
	Email Configuration	Full Access 💌
	Alarm Configuration	Full Access 💌
	String Mapping	Full Access 💌
	View String Mapping	Full Access 💌
	Display String	Full Access 🗸



Security - Log In

Username: Name of the user to login.

Password: Password of the user to login.

Log In: If login is successful, the user will be redirected to the Main Page.

Send Password to Email: Sends the specified User's Password to the email configured for that user.

Display Hint: Displays the hint specified for the User if one was set up.

Reset Password: This is used to reset security settings. Confirm reset password must be selected to confirm this action. Once confirmed, there is a 15 minute window to do a hard reset of the gateway by physically removing and restoring power from the gateway. Once power is restored, you may navigate to the IP address of the gateway as normal.

	ation Description
Username:	Admin
Password:	
Display Hint	Log In Reset Password

Security - Log Out

Once a user is done with a session they may click **logout** at the top of any page. The user may also be logged out for inactivity based off of the Log Out Timer specified during the configuration.

RTA	Welcome Admin <u>logout</u>	www.rtaautomation.com
Real Time Autom	ation, Inc.	MODE: RUNNING 460

Closing the browser is not sufficient to log out.



Email Configuration

To setup e-mails on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Email Configuration**.

You can configure up to 10 email addresses.

- 1) SMTP Mail Username: The email address that the SMTP server has set up to use.
- 2) SMTP Mail Password: If authentication is required, enter the SMTP Server's password (Optional).
- 3) SMTP Server: Enter the Name of the SMTP Server or the IP Address of the Server.
- 4) From E-mail: Enter the e-mail that will show up as the sender.
- 5) To E-mail: Enter the e-mail that is to receive the e-mail.
- 6) E-mail Group: Choose a group for the user. This is used in other web pages.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes and reboot the gateway.

Email Configuration Help						
		Numi	ber of Emails to Config Setup Email(
User	SMTP Mail Username	SMTP Mail Password	SMTP Server	From Email	To Email	Email Group
1						Group A 👻
			Save Paramet	ers		
			Send Test Ema	iil(s)		



Alarm Configuration

To setup alarms on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Alarm Configuration**.

1) Alarm Delay upon Powerup: At Powerup, the gateway will have values of '0' stored for all data. This may cause alarms to trigger before these values are updated by the mating protocols. Set this field to provide needed time to update fields before considering values for alarms.

Alarm Configuration				Help
	Alarm Delay ι	upon Powerup:	0 0-3600 s	
	# of Alarm	s to Configure: Set Max # Ala	1 0-100	
	10 ST	< <u>1</u>		
🗹 Enable		1	Alarm 1	
Data Point	Set Error	Clear Error	Alarm Name	Email
Data Point Ticks Since Powerup (Uint32) Ticks Since Powerup	Set Error >= ▼ 1000 1000		1	Group A
Ticks Since Powerup (Uint32)	>= 💟	Clear Error	Alarm Name Gateway_test	

- 2) Enter the number of alarms to configure and click **Set Max # Alarms** to generate those lines.
- 3) In the Data Point Section:
 - a. Top dropdown: select the Data Group. This dropdown menu will contain all groups that go from the gateway to the network.
 - b. Lower dropdown: select the Data Point's Specific Point. This is used to select which point in the group will be monitored for alarms.
- 4) In the Set Error Section:
 - a. Select the Set Error Operation in the top dropdown menu. Available options are <, >, <=, >=,
 !=, ==, and Change of State (COS). This is the operation that will be used to compare the
 Data Point value against the Error Value to determine if the alarm needs to be set.
 - Select the Set Error Value. This value is used as: 'Data Point's Value' 'Operation' 'Value.' Ex: Ticks Since Powerup >= 1000. This will set the alarm after 1000 ticks have elapsed since the unit powered up.



- 5) In the Clear Error Section:
 - a. Select the Clear Error Operation. Available options are <, >, <=, >=, !=, ==, and Change of State (COS). This is the operation that will be used to compare the Data Point value against the Error Value to determine if the alarm needs to be cleared.
 - b. Select the Clear Error Value.
 -Ex: Ticks Since Powerup >= 5000. This will clear the alarm after 5000 ticks have elapsed since the unit powered up.
- 6) Enter an Alarm Name. This will make the alarm unique and will be available in the Alarm Status page as well as in the email generated by the alarm.
- 7) Select an email to associate this alarm with. When an alarm is set, it sends an email. When an alarm is cleared, it will also send an email.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes to memory and reboot the gateway.



Diagnostics – Alarm Status

Alarm Status will only display under the Diagnostic menu tab if at least 1 Alarm is enabled.

- 1) # Alarms Enabled: This is a count of enabled alarms.
- 2) # Alarms Active: This is how many alarms are presently active (set).
- 3) Last Active Alarm: This is the last alarm that the gateway detected.
- 4) Clear # of Times Active: This will reset all alarms '# of Times Active' to 0.
- 5) Alarm #: The reference number to the given alarm on the alarm setup page.
- 6) Name: The name of the alarm.
- 7) Status: The current status of the alarm, either OK or ALARM.
- 8) # of Times Active: This count represents the number of times this alarm has become active. If an alarm is triggered, this count will increment.

Alarm Status				
# Alarms Enabled:		1		
# Alarms Ac	tive:	0		
Last Active /	Alarm:			
				n # of Times Active
	Alarm#	Name	Status	# of Times Active
	1	Alarm Example	OK	0

Alarms – Active

While one or more alarms are active, every page will display 'Alarms Active' at the top of the page. This will no longer be displayed if all active alarms have been cleared.



When an alarm is activated, the following will occur:

- 1) A one-time notification will be sent out to the email associated with the alarm.
- 2) For duplicate emails to occur, the alarm must be cleared and then become active again.
- 3) # Alarms Active and # of Times Active will be incremented.
- 4) Status of the Individual Alarm will be set to Alarm.



5) *Last Active Alarm* field will be populated with details on what triggered the alarm.

Alarm Statu	S			
# Alarms En	abled:	1		
# Alarms Ac	tive:	1		
Last Active A	Alarm:	Alarm 1 is Set: Actual: (0 < Limit: 20	
				Clear # of Times Active
	Alarm#	Name	Status	# of Times Active
	4	Alarm Example	Alarm	1

Alarms – Clear

When an alarm is cleared, the following will occur:

- 1) A one-time notification will be sent to the email associated with the alarm.
 - a. For duplicate emails to occur, the alarm must become active and then be cleared again.
- 2) Total # Alarms Active will decrement. Last Active Alarm will not be changed.
- 3) Status of the Individual Alarm will be reset to OK.



Change of State (COS) Configuration

To access the configuration files in the 460 gateway, navigate to dropdown **Other->COS Configuration**. The gateway, by default only writes when data has changed. The gateway also waits to write any data to the destination until the source protocol is successfully connected.

Default values should fit most applications. Change these values with caution as they affect performance.

1) Stale Data Timer: If the data has not changed within the time allocated in this Stale Data Timer, the data will be marked as stale within the gateway and will force a write request to occur. This timer is to be used to force cyclic updates in the gateway, since data will only be written if it has changed by default. There is a separate timer per data mapping. Gateway behavior: If time = 0s => (DEFAULT) The gateway will write out new values on a Change of State • basis. • If time > 0s => The gateway will write out new values whenever the timer expires to force cyclic updates (write every *x* seconds). 2) **Production Inhibit Timer:** Amount of time after a Change of State write request has occurred before allowing a new Change of State to be written. This is to be used to prevent jitter. Default value is 0ms. This timer takes priority over the Stale Data Timer. There is a separate timer per data mapping. This timer is active only after the first write goes out and the first COS event occurs. Writes Before Reads: If multiple writes are queued, execute # of Writes Before Reads before the next read occurs. Default is 10 and should fit most applications. Warning: A value of 0 here may starve reads if a lot of writes are queued. This may be useful in applications where a burst of writes may occur and you want to guarantee they all go out before the next set of reads begin. Reads Before Writes: If multiple writes are queued, the # of Writes Before Reads will occur before starting the # of Reads Before Writes. Once the # of Reads Before Writes has occurred, the counter for both reads and write will be reset. Default is 1 and should fit most applications. 5) Enable Data Integrity: If enabled, do not execute any write requests to the destination until the source data point is connected and communicating. This prevents writes of 0 upon power up. **Change of State Configuration** Help Stale Data Timer: 0 0-3600 s 0-60000 ms Production Inhibit Timer: 0 Writes Before Reads: 10 0-255 Reads Before Writes: 1 1-255

Save Parameters

Click the Save Parameters button to commit the changes to memory and reboot the gateway.

Enable Data Integrity: 🗹



Diagnostics Info

The Diagnostics page is where you can view both protocols' diagnostics information, # of Data Mappings, # of String Mapping and # Alarm Mappings.

DIAG	GNOSTICS	
	-Select-	~
	-Select-	
OTH	Diagnostic Info	
	Logging	

For protocol specific diagnostic information, refer to the next few pages.

Diagnostics Mapping

This section displays the number of mappings that are enabled, Data Mapping and String Mapping will show the # of Errors and First Errors. Alarms will show # active and Last Alarm that was active.

Common Errors:

- Destination or Source Point does not exist

 a) Solution: Re-map the mapping
- 2) Source or Destination Pointer too small
 - a) There is not enough space on either the Source, or the Destination for the data you want to copy. This is typically seen when the Destination is smaller than the amount of data being transferred to it.
- 3) Range Discard, Min or Max Value
 - a) The actual data value is outside of the defined range
- 4) Math Error
 - a) Operation value cannot be 0
- 5) Scaling Error
 - a) Source Min must be smaller than Source Max
 - b) Destination Min must be smaller than Destination Max

Data Mapping # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:	5 of 5 0
String Mapping # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:	2 of 2 0
Alarms # Enabled: # Active: Last Active:	3 0

Note: you can also view this information on the Main Page.



Diagnostics – PROFINET IO Server

Select the **PROFINET IO Server** in the dropdown menu on the Diagnostics Page to view a breakdown of the diagnostics and common strings that are displayed on the page. Additional diagnostic information can be found by clicking the **Help** button.

Diagnostics	
Profinet IO Server View View	Clear All Values
Device Status Configuration Mode Gateway Restart Needed	Help

NOTE: This page will auto-refresh every five seconds with the latest data.

Clear All Values - This will only affect displayed values.

- 1) This will reset all displayed values back to zero.
- 2) If viewing PROFINET IO Server, this will only clear the values for the PROFINET IO Server section of the gateway.

Device Status:



- 1) Connected A PROFINET IO controller has a connection for the gateway.
- 2) Not Connected:
 - a) The PROFINET IO controller has not initiated communication to the gateway.
 - b) The PROFINET IO server has an invalid configuration or no parameters configured.

LED Status:

LED Status Connection Status: Configuration Mode

- 1) Solid Green (Connected and Running) Connected to a PROFINET IO controller and online.
- 2) Flashing Green (Connection not yet attempted) Valid Configuration but no communication from the IO controller yet.
- 3) Solid Red (Fatal Error)
 - a) Invalid Configuration due to no input/output slots configured within the gateway
- 4) Flashing Red (Connection Timeout)
 - a) PROFINET IO controller's slot configuration doesn't match the gateway's slot configuration
 - b) PROFINET IO controller was communicating to the gateway and is no longer communicating
- 5) Off (No Ethernet Cable Plugged In)



Variables:

Variables	
Application Ready Rcvd:	0
Release AR:	0
Parameters Written:	0
PN Ethernet Pkts Rcvd:	0
PN Ethernet Pkts Sent:	0
Connection Timeouts:	0
Speed Limit Increment:	0

- 1) Application Ready Rcvd:
 - a) The Application Ready Command has been received
 - b) The gateway has completed the PROFINET setup sequence and will start cyclic communication
- 2) Release AR:
 - a) A Release Application Relationship command has been received
 - b) PROFINET communication have been disconnected from the gateway
- 3) Parameters Written:
 - a) Rollover counter for the number of parameters written by the IO controller.
- 4) PN Ethernet Pkts Received:
 - a) Number of Layer 2 (Ethernet) Messages received
- 5) PN Ethernet Pkts Sent:
 - a) Number of Layer 2 (Ethernet) Messages transmitted
- 6) Connection Timeouts:
 - a) Number of Connection timeouts between the gateway and the IO controller
 - b) If this counter is incrementing, check your ethernet connection
 - c) If this counter is incrementing, verify the gateway is in the IO controller
- 7) Speed Limit Increments:
 - a) The gateway has received too much traffic to process all the data
 - b) The gateway will stop processing PROFINET data for a short time



Diagnostics – S7 Client

Select the S7 Client in the dropdown menu on the Diagnostics Page to view breakdown of the diagnostics and common strings that are displayed on the page. You may also view individual server counters by selecting the device in the *All Servers* dropdown and clicking **View**. Additional diagnostic information can be found by clicking the **Help** button.

Diagnostics		
S7 Client v	iew	Clear All Values
All Server's	View	
All Server's		
SC01 192.168.0.100		Help
SC01 192.168.0.101	eway Restart Needed	
SC01 192.168.0.102		

NOTE: This page will auto-refresh every five seconds with the latest data.

Clear All Values - This will only affect displayed values.

1) This will return all values displayed to zero and clear the Status Strings.

Example: If viewing S7 Client – SC02 10.1.100.17, this will only clear the values for that specific device. This will reduce the overall values indirectly, otherwise select All Servers to clear all devices.

Device Status - This will only display when viewing *All Servers*.

Device Status Configuration Mode... Gateway Restart Needed

- 1) Connected The gateway is connected to all the S7 Servers that are enabled and configured.
- 2) Not Connected
 - a) One or more enabled devices are missing
 - i) Verify S7 device for correct IP Address, Slot, Rack, or correct Starting Address
 - b) Fatal Error No Configuration and/or Enabled and/or scan lines configured
 - c) Fatal Error Configuration Invalid One or more of the Servers configured is not on the same subnet as the gateway
- 3) Dependency Protocol Faulted The dependent protocol is missing causing the communication to go to inactive.



Diagnostics			Diagnostics		
S7 Client v View All Server's v View		Clear All Values	S7 Client View SC01 0.0.0.0 View		Clear All Values
Device Status Not Connected LED Status Connection Status:	Not Connected	Help	LED Status Connection Status:	Invalid Configuration	Help
Variables Network Bitmap Status: Write Message Count Read Message Count Message Error Count: Timeouts Count:	0x00000000 0 0 0 0		Variables Network Bitmap Status: Write Message Count: Read Message Count: Message Error Count: Timeouts Count:	0x0000000 0 0 0	

LED Status - This is the Status for All Servers or the specific server selected.

LED Status	
Connection Status:	Configuration Mode

- 1) Solid Green (Connected and Running):
 - a) The gateway is connected to all S7 servers that are configured and enabled
- 2) Flashing Green (Communication not attempted yet):
 - a) The gateway hasn't attempted to connect to the S7 server
- 3) Flashing Red (Not Connected):
 - a) One or more of the servers configured are missing (Nodes Missing)
 - b) The Dependency Protocol has Faulted
- 4) Flashing Red (Communication not attempted yet):
 - a) -No reads are configured, and data needed for writes isn't valid yet
- 5) Solid Red (Invalid Configuration):
 - a) No devices have been configured
 - b) No devices that have been configured are enabled
 - c) No devices that have been configured and enabled have scan lines configured
 - d) One or more of the servers configured is not on the same subnet as the gateway
- 6) Off:
 - a) No Power
 - b) No Ethernet cable connected

Variables - These are the values for *All Servers*, or the specific server selected.

Variables	
Network Bitmap Status:	0x00000000
Write Message Count:	0
Read Message Count:	0
Message Error Count:	0
Timeouts Count:	0
Status Strings	
Last Error Code:	

- 1) Network Bitmap Status (Displayed in Hex):
 - a) Each bit corresponds to a server. If the bit is set, the server is connected, otherwise the bit is 0.
 - b) Bit 0 corresponds to Server 1 and Bit 4 is for Server 5 and so on.
- 2) Write Message Count:



- a) The number of write messages sent by the gateway
- 3) Read Message Count:
 - a) -The number of read messages sent by the gateway
- 4) Message Error Count:
 - a) The number of errors returned by the server in response to messages sent by the gateway
- 5) Timeouts:
 - a) Total number of Read and Write response messages not received by the gateway

Status Strings - These are the values for All Servers, or the specific server selected.

- 1) Last Error Code:
 - a) -Last read request error that the gateway received

Error Code Breakdown:

"Connection Error":

-Common Errors

0x00030000: Incorrect Rack or Slot number

0x00090000: Cannot connect to server

"Read/Write Error":

-Common Errors

0x00700000: Server doesn't support reading/writing that many points per scanline

0x00900000: Address out of range

0x00C00000: The Data Block (DB) received by the PLC is not valid.

0x01400000: Server security does not permit access with PUT/GET communication from remote partners. See Protection & Security settings in server to enable.

0x02300000: Read/Write timed out



LED Configuration

To modify the behavior of the LEDs on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Setup LEDs**.

OTH	ER	
	-Select-	~
	-Select-	
	Setup LED's	

Each LED may be set to Disabled, Protocol 1, or Protocol 2. If either protocol is a master/client, you may set the LED to represent either all slaves/servers configured in the gateway or a slave/server device.

To select a slave/server device:

- 1) Select the protocol in the left dropdown menu.
- 2) Click **Save Parameters** to generate the second dropdown menu.
- 3) Select the individual slave/server in the right dropdown menu.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes and reboot the gateway.

LED Configuration	
	LED 1 Modbus RTU Master: Connection Status V All Slave's V LED 2 BACnet/IP Server: Connection Status V
	Save Parameters



Configuration Files

To access the configuration file in the 460 gateway, select the dropdown **Other->Export/Import Config**.

отн	ER	
	-Select-	
	-Select-	
	Setup LED's	
	Export / Import Config 📐	
	Export / Import Template	
	Utilities	

Export Configuration

Export Configuration		
	Save Configuration to File	

The Export Configuration allows you to save your configuration file for backup or to be imported into another gateway. This file is named *rta_cfg.rtax* by default.

Upon clicking the **Save Configuration to File** button, you will be prompted to select a location to save the file. Different web browsers will yield different looks.

What do you want to do with rta_cfg.rtax? From: 10.1.16.106	Open	Save	Cancel	\times

Import Configuration

You can import a previously exported configuration file or a configuration file from another device into the 460 gateway, whenever it is in Configuration Mode.

Upon clicking the **Choose File** button, you will be prompted to select a location from which to load the saved file. Once the location is selected, you can choose the **Import Network Settings** checkbox if you want to load the network settings of the configuration file or just load the configuration without the network setting.

If you choose to Import Network Settings, this will override your current gateway's network setting with the settings in the configuration file. After you click on the Load Configuration button, a banner will display your gateway's new IP address.

Network Settings have changed. Manually enter IP Address of X.X.X.X in the URL.

If the configuration has successfully loaded, the gateway will indicate that it was successful, and a message will appear under the Load Configuration button indicating Restart Needed.



Import Configuration		
	Choose File No file chosen	
	Import Network Settings	
	Load Configuration	
	Load Configuration	

If it encountered an error while trying to load the saved configuration, the gateway will indicate the first error it found and a brief description about it under the Load Configuration button. Contact RTA Support with a screenshot of this error to further troubleshoot.



Save and Replace Configuration Using SD Card

Saving Configuration Using SD Card

This function saves the gateway's configuration automatically to an SD Card each time the gateway is rebooted via the **Restart Now** button on the web page. If this unit should fail in the future, the last configuration stored on the SD card and can be used for a new gateway to get the application back up and running quickly.

This SD Card replaces every configurable field in the gateway, **EXCEPT** for IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway.

Replacing Configuration Using SD Card

To replace a configuration in a gateway using the SD Card, a specific sequence of events must be followed for the replacement to happen correctly:

- 1) Extract SD Card from gateway you wish to copy the configuration from.
- 2) Power up the gateway you wish to copy the configuration to. DO NOT INSERT SD CARD YET.
- 3) Navigate to the webpage inside the unit.
- 4) Navigate to the dropdown **Other->Utilities**.
- 5) If you are not currently in *Mode: Configuration*, go into Configuration Mode by clicking the **Configuration Mode** button at the top left-hand side of the screen.
- 6) Press the **Revert to Manufacturing Defaults** button on the Utilities Page. The Configuration will ONLY be replaced by the SD Card if the gateway does not have a configuration already in it.
- 7) When the unit comes back in *Mode: Running,* insert the SD Card.
- 8) Do a hard power cycle to the unit by unplugging power. DO NOT RESET POWER VIA WEB PAGES.
 - a. It will take an additional 30 seconds for the unit to power up while it is transferring the configuration. During this time, the gateway cannot be accessed via the web page.
- 9) When the unit comes back up, the configuration should be exactly what was on the SD Card.



Utilities

To access the Utilities page in the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Utilities**. The Utilities screen displays information about the gateway including Operation Time, File System Usage, Memory Usage, and Memory Block Usage.

OTHER



Here you can also:

- View the full revision of the software.
- View all the files stored in the Flash File System within the gateway.
- Identify your device by clicking the **Start Flashing LEDs** button. By clicking this button, the two diagnostic LEDs will flash red and green. Once you have identified which device you are working with, click the button again to put the LEDs back into running mode.
- Configure the size of the log through the Log Configuration.
- Bring the device back to its last power up settings.
- Bring the device back to its original manufacturing defaults.
- Remove the Configuration File and Flash Files within the gateway.

Revisions	
	Listing of Revisions
File List	
	File List
Identify Device	
,	Start Flashing LED's
	·/
Set Up Log	
	Log Configuration
Revert To Last Powerup	
Revent to East Towerup	Revert to Last Powerup
Revert All	
	Revert to Manufacturing Defaults
Reformat Flash	
	Reformat Flash