

460ECPS-N34 Protocol Gateway Product User Guide

Firmware Version 8.4.6



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Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
6.3.4	11/13/18	 Features Added 1. Released BC Protocol on the N2E Hardware 2. Released PS Protocol on NNA1 Hardware with updated GSDML file 3. Released Base Triggering with ETC Protocol Optimization Bug Fixes 1. WI Protocol handling of STRING data types Allow Origins in GET requests, and CR / LF on HTTP 200 responses 2. WI Protocol now has the Allow Origins as part of the HTTP Header 3. WI Protocol receives a second CR / LF at the end of the HTTP 200 response
6.4.7	03/05/19	 Features Added New Header Image Released ASCII Protocol on N2E Hardware Released ES Protocol on N2E Hardware Updated Profinet Code and new GSDML V2.3 on NNA1 Hardware Bug Fixes Cleaned up ASCII parser and concatenation functionality
8.3.9	10/21/2019	Features Added 1. Released BACnet MS/TP Slave Protocol on N2E Hardware 2. Released Profinet on N2E Hardware 3.Updated GSMDL file with new icons 4. Released S7 protocol 5. Released Wi-Fi Hardware Bug Fixes 1.Improved functionality of the Network conifguration page when going from Independent to Switch Mode. 2. Import/Export issues
8.4.5	11/18/2019	 Features Added Released OPC UA Server (US) Protocol Ability to now Import/Export Template Files with out an FTP session. Bug Fixes Updated Profinet Server (PS) on N34 hardware Platform Updated Wi-Fi software



Overview

The 460ECPS-N34 gateway connects up to 32 EtherNet/IP Adapters with a PROFINET IO Controller. By following this guide, you will be able to configure the 460ECPS-N34 gateway.

For further customization and advanced use, please reference the appendices located on the CD or online at: http://www.rtautomation.com/product/460-gateway-support/.

If at any time you need further assistance do not hesitate to call Real Time Automation support.

Support Hours are Monday-Friday 8am-5pm CST

Toll free: 1-800-249-1612 Email: support@rtautomation.com



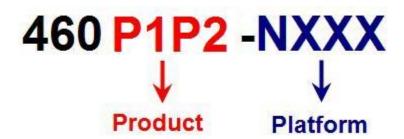
Hardware Platforms

The 460 Product Line supports a number of different hardware platforms. There are differences in how they are powered, what serial settings are supported, and some diagnostic features supported (such as LEDs). For these sections, be sure to identify the hardware platform you are using.

To find which hardware platform you are using:

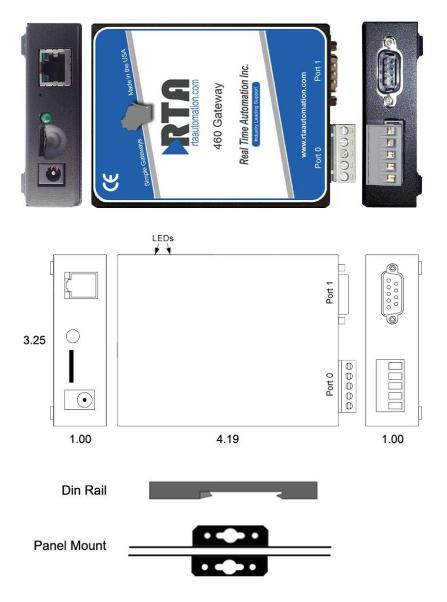
- 1) Look on the front or back label of the unit for the part number.
- On the webpage inside the gateway, navigate to the dropdown menu under Other and select Utilities. Click the Listing of Revisions button. The full part number is displayed here.

Once you have the full part number, the platform will be the number following the "-N":





Hardware – N34





Powering The Gateway

The following steps will allow you to properly and safely power the gateway.



Warning improper wiring will cause unit failure Use the Barrel Connector <u>OR</u> the Screw Terminals power connection, <u>NOT</u> both

- 1) Connect a 24VDC power source to the gateway.
 - **a.** The unit draws 125 mA at 24VDC
 - **b.** The gateway has a voltage operating range from 8-28VDC, 24VDC is recommended.



Hazardous Environment Power & Installation Instructions

This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D, or nonhazardous locations only.

WARNING – EXPLOSION HAZARD - Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

WARNING – **EXPLOSION HAZARD** - Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AN OPEN-TYPE DEVICE AND IS MEANT TO BE INSTALLED IN AN ENCLOSURE SUITABLE FOR THE ENVIRONMENT SUCH THAT THE EQUIPMENT IS ONLY ACCESSIBLE WITH THE USE OF A TOOL.

WARNING – POWER JACK (Barrel Connector, J1) IS FOR MAINTENANCE USE ONLY AND MAY ONLY BE USED WHILE THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE FREE OF IGNITIBLE CONCENTRATIONS OF FLAMMABLE GASES OR VAPORS. IT IS NOT TO BE CONNECTED UNDER NORMAL OPERATION.

In Hazardous Environments the unit must be powered with between 12-24 VDC, 860 mA (6 W) max. Supervised. The unit is certified to be operated at -40°C to 50°C.

{Comm}

PWRIN





Cet équipement est conçu pour être utilisé uniquement dans des lieux de classe I, division 2, groupes A, B, C et D, ou non dangereux.

AVERTISSEMENT - **RISQUE D'EXPLOSION** - Ne débranchez pas l'équipement à moins que le courant ne soit coupé ou que la zone ne présente aucun danger.

AVERTISSEMENT - **RISQUE D'EXPLOSION** - La substitution de composants peut compromettre l'adéquation à la classe I, division 2.

CET APPAREIL EST UN DISPOSITIF DE TYPE OUVERT ET IL FAUT L'INSTALLER DANS UN ENCEINTE ADAPTÉ À L'ENVIRONNEMENT TEL QU'IL N'EST ACCESSIBLE À L'UTILISATION D'UN OUTIL.

AVERTISSEMENT - LE POWER JACK (bornes à vis, J1) est destiné exclusivement à la maintenance et ne peut être utilisé que lorsque la zone est connue pour être exempte de concentrations inintéressantes de gaz ou de vapeurs inflammables. IL NE DOIT PAS ÊTRE CONNECTÉ SOUS UN FONCTIONNEMENT NORMAL.

Dans les environnements dangereux, l'unité doit être alimentée entre 12-24 VDC, 860 mA (6 W) max. Supervisé. L'appareil est certifié pour fonctionner entre -40 ° C et 50 ° C.

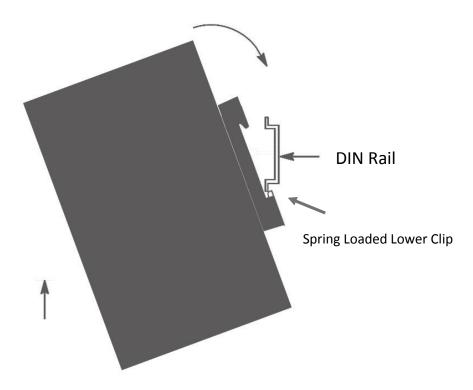


Mounting with a DIN Rail

Installing

Follow these steps to install your interface converter.

- 1) Mount your DIN Rail.
- 2) Hook the bottom mounting flange under the DIN Rail.
- 3) While pressing the 460ECPS-N34 against the rail, press up to engage the spring loaded lower clip and rotate the unit parallel to the DIN Rail.
- 4) Release upward pressure.



Removing

Follow these steps to remove your interface converter.

- 1) Press up on unit to engage the spring loaded lower clip.
- 2) Swing top of the unit away from DIN Rail.



Accessing the Main Page

The following steps will help you access the browser based configuration of the gateway. By default, DHCP is enabled. If the gateway fails to obtain an IP address over DHCP it will Auto IP with 169.254.X.Y. For more information on your Operating system network setting refer to the Access Browser Configuration Doc on the CD or download from our support web site.

1)	Insert the provided	CD-ROM into a computer also on the network.
----	---------------------	---

NDK Settings IP	0.	0	. 0	. 0		Select a Unit	0-03-F4-0A-D2-8C]/	AutolP at 169.254.4
Network Mask	0.	0	. 0	. 0			-	
GateWay	0.	0	. 0	. 0	Set>			
DNS 🛛	0.	0	. 0	. 0	6		m	
						,	Search Again	
						h Webpage 📔 🗛	dvanced	Close

- 2) Run the IPSetup.exe program from the CD-ROM.
- 3) Find unit under "Select a Unit".
 - a. Change Gateway's IP address to match that of your PC if DHCP has failed.
 - i. You will know DHCP has failed if the gateway's IP address is AutoIP at 169.254.X.Y.
 - ii. If successful, it will say DHCP'd at ex: 192.168.0.100 or however your DCHP Client is set up.
 - b. If you do not see the gateway in this tool, then your PC is most likely set up as a static IP.
 - i. Change your PC's network settings to be DHCP. If DHCP fails, then it will change to be on the 169.254.x.y network.
 - ii. Relaunch the IP Setup tool to see if gateway can be discovered now.
- 4) Click Launch Webpage. The Main page should appear.

Default setting is set to DHCP. If DHCP fails, default IP Address is 169.254.x.y

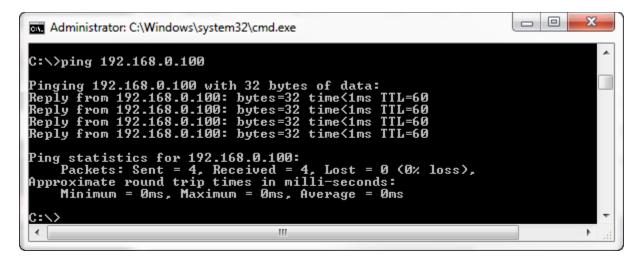


Error: Main Page Does Not Launch

If the Main Page does not launch, please verify the following:

- 1) Check that the PC is set for a valid IP Address
 - a. Open a MS-DOS Command Prompt
 - b. Type "ipconfig" and press enter
 - c. Note the PC's IP Address, Subnet, and Default Gateway
- 2) The gateway must be on the same Network/Subnet as the PC whether it's setup for DHCP or Static.

Once you have both devices on the same network, you should be able to ping the gateway using a MS-DOS Command Prompt.



The Screenshot above shows a gateway that is currently set to a static IP Address of 192.168.0.100.

If you are able to successfully ping your gateway, open a browser and try to view the main page of the gateway by entering the IP Address of the gateway as the URL.





Committing Changes to the Settings

- All changes made to the settings of the gateway in Configuration Mode will not take effect until the gateway is restarted via the webpage. Changes will not be stored if the gateway's power is removed prior to a reboot.
- **NOTE:** The gateway does not need to be restarted after every change. Multiple changes can be made before a restart, but they will not be committed until the gateway is restarted.
- When all desired changes have been made, press the **Restart Now** button.
- The webpage will redirect to our rebooting page shown below:

RTA	www.rtaautomation.com
Real Time Automation, Inc.	

- The reboot can take up to 20 seconds.
 - If the IP address has not been modified, the gateway will automatically redirect to the main page.
 - If the IP address was modified, a message will appear at the top of the page to instruct the user to manually open a new webpage at that new IP.



Main Page

The main page is where important information about your gateway and its connections are displayed.

Mode (orange box below):

Running Mode:

- Protocol communications are enabled
- Configuration cannot be changed during Running Mode. If changes are needed, click the **Configuration Mode** button shown in the green box below

Configuring Mode:

- Protocol communication is stopped and no data is transmitted
- Configuration is allowed

Navigation (green box below):

You can easily switch between modes and navigate between pages (Configuration, Diagnostics, and Other pages) using the buttons on the left hand side.

RTA				www.rtaautomation.com
Real Time Autor	mation, Inc.			460ETCMC
Configuration Mode Main Page CONFIGURATION Network Configuration Allen-Bradley PLC		Device Description: Applic	in Page ation Description Parameters	
Modbus TCP/IP Client Display Data DIAGNOSTICS -Select-	Network Status Ethernet Port	Link Status 100Mbps, Full Duplex	MAC Address 00:03:F4:0A:43:CC	IP Address 10.1.28.95
OTHER -Select- ▼	Last Read Error Code: Last Write Error Code:	Fatal Error: No Configura	ation evices Configured / Enabled	
	Last Error Code:	Fatal Error: No Configura	ation evices Configured / Enabled	
	Data Mapping Status # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:	0		



Device Configuration

The device configuration area is where you assign the device description paramter. Changes can only be made when the gateway is in Configuration Mode.

Main Page	
Device Description: Application Description	
Save Parameters	

Once you are done configuring the Description, click the **Save Parameters** button.



Network Configuration

The network configuration area is where you assign the IP address and other network parameters. Changes can only be made when the gateway is in Configuration Mode.

Once you are done configuring the Network Settings, click the **Save Parameters** button.

If you are changing the IP Address of the gateway, the change will not take effect until the unit has been rebooted. After reboot, you must enter the new IP Address into the URL.

Network Configuration			Help
Ethernet Configuration			
Ethernet MAC Address:	00:03:F4:0B:C3:02		
Ethernet Link:	Auto-Negotiate	v	
IP Setting:	Static IP 🔻		
IP Address:	10.1.16.40		
Subnet:	255.255.0.0		
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0		
DNS Gateway:	0.0.0.0		
Save Par	rameters		

It is recommended to leave the DNS Gateway set to 0.0.0.0 and the Ethernet Link as Auto-Negotiate. If configuring the gateway to use E-mail, the DNS Gateway must be set.



EtherNet/IP Scanner Configuration

Click the **EIP Scanner** button to access the configuration page.

- 1) **Network Interface:** Select which network you wish to communicate with EtherNet/IP Scanner.
- 2) **Delay Between Connect Attempts**: Enter the amount of time the gateway will delay between attempts to make a connection.
- 3) **Dependency Protocol**: If enabled, EtherNet/IP communication will stop if communication to the selected protocol is lost.

EtherNet/IP Scanner Configuration	Help
Network Interface: Switch Mode (10.1.16.49) Delay Between Connect Attempts: 1000 1000-60000 ms Dependency Protocol: None	
Save Parameters	



EtherNet/IP Scanner Device Configuration

The bottom area of the EtherNet/IP Scanner Configuration page lets you configure up to 32 external EtherNet/IP Adapter devices.

1) To add additional Adapter connections, click the -Select- dropdown under Ethernet/IP Scanner Device List and select **Add Generic Adapter** option.





-To remove a device, navigate to the adapter to delete using the << and >> buttons and click the **Delete Adapter** button.

-To create a new Adapter with the same parameters already configured from another adapter, click the -Select- dropdown and select the **Add from Adapter X** option (where X represents the adapter you wish to copy parameters from). Once created, you can make any additional changes needed to that new adapter.

- 2) The **Enable** check box should be selected for the device.
- 3) Enter a **Device Label** to identify the device within the gateway.
- 4) Enter the unique **IP Address** that matches the Adapter. If this value doesn't match, the gateway will timeout.
- 5) Select the **TCP Mode** to use.
 - a. **Close**: This will force the TCP connection used to open the I/O connection to close immediately after the connection is established. This is the default value.
 - Dpen: This will keep the TCP connection open while the I/O connection is open. Use this mode if the adapter device does not remove the I/O UDP traffic versus TCP dependency this is possible with legacy devices.
- 6) Enter the **Configuration Instance** that matches the I/O adapter (if used). Many devices use 1 as a place holder when configuration isn't needed.
- 7) Configuration Size: Configuration data is not currently supported.

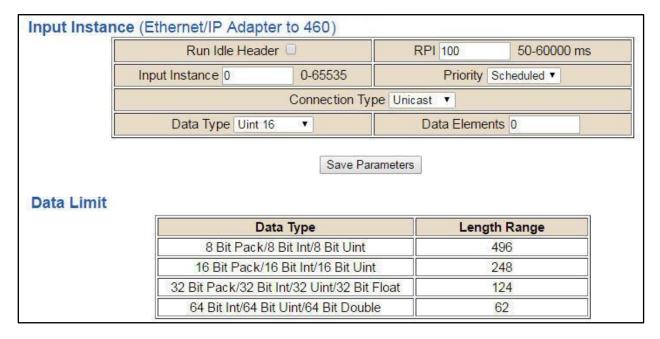
	-Select-	Delete Adapter
		1-1
Enable	Ethernet	IP Adapter 1
Enable Device Label EC01	Ethernet	IP Adapter 1 IP Address 0.0.0.0
1	Ethernet	IP Address 0.0.0.0



Configuring Input Instance

Follow these steps to manually configure the Input Instance.

- 1) Select View Input Instance if not already selected.
- 2) **Run Idle Header**: Check this box if the I/O adapter's data contains information about the validity of the input data. Default value is unchecked since most devices don't use this.
- 3) **Request Packet Interval (RPI):** This is the amount of time between each read/write request to the adapter. If this value is faster than the adapter supports, an error will occur.
- 4) **Input Instance:** This is the Input Instance defined by the I/O adapter device. This must match for proper communication.
- 5) **Priority:** Select the appropriate value as defined by the I/O adapter. Default value is scheduled.
- 6) **Connection Type:** Select the type of TCP connection to the I/O adapter.
 - a. **Unicast:** This means the gateway will communicate directly to the I/O adapter's IP Address. Set by default.
 - b. **Multicast:** This means the gateway will communicate using a Class D IP Address. This option requires IGMP snooping and managed switches for proper functionality.
- 7) Select a Data Type and enter the number of Data Elements that the Instance allows for to make the data meaningful. The number of data elements must match the values set by the I/O adapter for the Input Instance requested. See data limits for the various data types below.





Configuring Output Instance

Follow these steps to manually configure the Output Instance.

- 1) Select View Output Instance if not already selected.
- 2) **Run Idle Header**: Check this box if the I/O adapter's data contains information about the validity of the output data. Default value is checked since most devices use this.
- 3) **Request Packet Interval (RPI):** This is the amount of time between each read/write request to the adapter. If this value is faster than the adapter supports, an error will occur.
- 4) **Output Instance:** This is the Output Instance defined by the I/O adapter device. This must match for proper communication.
- 5) **Priority:** Select the appropriate value as defined by the I/O adapter. Default value is scheduled.
- 6) **Connection Type:** Select the type of TCP connection to the I/O adapter.
 - a. **Unicast:** This means the gateway will communicate directly to the I/O adapter's IP Address. Set by default.
 - b. Multicast: Not supported for this direction.
- 7) Select a **Data Type** and enter the number of **Data Elements** that the Instance allows for to make the data meaningful. The number of data elements must match the values set by the I/O adapter for the Output Instance requested. See data limits for the various data types below.

Output Insta	nce (460 to Ethernet/IP Adapter)			~		
	Run Idle Header 🗆	RPI	100	50-60000 ms		
	Output Instance 0 0-65535		Priority Sc	heduled 🔻		
	Connection	Type Unicast				
	Data Type Uint 16	Da	ata Elements	0		
Data Limit	Data Type		Length	Range		
	8 Bit Pack/8 Bit Int/8 Bit U	at .				
			49	0.00		
		16 Bit Pack/16 Bit Int/16 Bit Uint 248 32 Bit Pack/32 Bit Int/32 Uint/32 Bit Float 124				
	OA D'AL-MOA D'ALE-MOA D'A D	32 Bit Pack/32 Bit Int/32 Uint/32 Bit Float 124 64 Bit Int/64 Bit Uint/64 Bit Double 62				



Configuring Input and Output Instances (cont.)

If you are configuring multiple devices click << or >> to navigate to another device. If this is the only device you are configuring, click the **Save Parameters** button.



PROFINET IO Server Configuration

Click the **PROFINET IO Server** button to display the PROFINET configuration page.

- 1) Select which **Network Interface** to use for this PROFINET IO connection. If using single port hardware, the Network Interface will display Switch Mode only.
- 2) **Device Label**: This is the PROFINET name that is assigned by TIA Portal or STEP 7.

		nfiguration					
		Networ	k Interfac	e: Ethernet	1 (10.1.16.40) 🔻		
		De	vice Name	e:			
			Save P	arameters			
ofinet	Slot List						
		Auto-C	Configure G	roup by Dev	ice 🔻		
Input 9	Slots (460ESI	PS to Profinet IO)		Outpu	t Slots (Profir	net IO to 460ESPS)	
	Data Size	,			Data Size		
Slot	(Bytes)	Data Forma	t	Slot	(Bytes)	Data Format	
1	Disabled v	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	11	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
2	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	12	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
3	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	13	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
4	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	14	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
5	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	15	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
6	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	16	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔻	
7	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	17	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
8	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	18	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔹	
9	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	19	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔻	
10	Disabled •	16 Bit Int	Ŧ	20	Disabled •	16 Bit Int 🔻	
1		·					
			Save P	arameters			
CEDM	IL and Graph	ia Eilaa					

Note: To properly set communication to the PROFINET Controller, you will need to install the GSD file that is downloadable on the configuration web page or on the CD that was shipped with the unit. For instructions on how to do this, please see the <u>Setting up the PLC- Example Using Simatic Step 7 software</u> and <u>Setting up the PLC- Example Using TIA Portal</u> sections.

WARNING:

This gateway does not support the assignment of the IP address via the IO controller function. This function must be disabled for the system to function properly.



PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration

The bottom area of the PROFINET IO Server Configuration page lets you configure multiple Input and Output Slots.

- 1) Data Size is configurable. Options include: 8, 16, 32, 64, and 128 Bytes.
- 2) Data Format sets the formatting of the data. Automap will use this packing size to map data to/from the other protocol.

There are three ways to configure this protocol:

- Auto-Configure Group by Device (Default)
- Auto-Configure Group by Data Type
- Manual Mode

NOTE: You may go back and forth between modes, but when reverting from Manual Mode to either of the two Auto-Configure Modes, all changes made in Manual Mode will be discarded.

pui	Slots (460 to P	Tollhet IO)	Outpu	t Slots (Profin	et 10 to 460)
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🔻	11	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹
2	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹	12	Disabled -	16 Bit Int 🔹
3	Disabled 🔻	16 Bit Int 🔹	13	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌
4	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🔹	14	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 👻
5	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 👻	15	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹
6	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌	16	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌
7	Disabled 🔻	16 Bit Int 👻	17	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
8	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 👻	18	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹
9	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 💌	19	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 💌
10	Disabled 💌	16 Bit Int 🔹	20	Disabled 🔻	16 Bit Int 🔹



PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration: Auto-Configure

While in either of the two Auto-Configure Modes, the Data Slots themselves cannot be edited. Auto-Configure Mode looks at the other protocol and then configures the Data Slots to match. The Data Formats will be defined after the other protocol is configured.

The data will be configured according to the following rules:

- Any 8 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **8 Bit Int or 8 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- Any 16 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **16 Bit Int or 16 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- Any 32 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **32 Bit Int or 32 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- Any 64 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **64 Bit Int or 64 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- Any 32 Bit Float will be mapped as **32 Bit Float**.
- Any 64 Bit Float will be mapped as **64 Bit Float**.
- Any Strings will be mapped as **Short String**.

NOTE: When using a String Data Type, the 1st byte of each slot is reserved for the Length field. The remaining bytes will be used for the actual data.

- Any Coils or 1/8/16/32 Bit Binary Packs will be mapped as **Binary 8 Bit Pack/Binary 16 Bit Pack/Binary 32 Bit Pack**, matching bit sizes whenever possible.
- The Input or Output direction depends on whether it is configured as an Input/Read or Output/Write on the other protocol.
- If the other protocol exceeds the number of data size supported, then nothing will be mapped. You will see all the Data Size values remain at Disabled and the main page will display the following error:

ERROR XX_460 Re-initialization (Auto-Config Failed -9)

 To fix this error, simply decrease the amount of data you configured on the other protocol so that the max data size is not exceeded or call customer support to increase the limits.

To edit slot data sizes or formats you will need to go into Manual Configure Mode.



Auto-Configure Group by Device vs. Auto-Configure Group by Data Type

There are two different methods for Auto-Configure: Group by Device or Group by Data Type.

There are a couple of rules to keep in mind when using Auto-Configure Mode:

- 1) If the other protocol inside the gateway is a Server, Slave, or Adapter protocol, then there are no differences between the Auto-Configure Modes.
- 2) Group by Data Type is how previous versions of the 460 gateway Auto-Configured. Versions with build dates prior to May 21 2016 had the default set to this grouping method.
- 3) Both modes use the rules outlined on the previous page for setting up data.

Group by Device (Default Method)

Group by Device goes through the other protocol on the gateway and auto-configures the data slots on the Profinet IO Server for all the data points on the other protocol's first device. After it finishes with the first device, it will auto-configure all the points for the second device (if one is configured), and so on.

The data in this method is not optimized- there could potentially be a lot of wasted/unused data space, but it will be organized more logically from the Master/Client's point of view.

Group by Data Type

Group by Data Type goes through the other protocol on the gateway and auto-configures the data slots on the Profinet IO Server for all the data points within the other protocol.

Another way to view this option is to say that the data points allocated are packed together so there is very little wasted data space. The data is packed or optimized.

Example: Protocol A is a Master/Client protocol that has 2 devices with the same setup:

Device_1 has 1 integer scan line, 1 float scan line, 1 integer scan line- each for 1 point of data Device_2 has 1 integer scan line, 1 float scan line, 1 integer scan line- each for 1 point of data

Protocol B is a Server/Slave/Adapter protocol that can be mapped as follows:

Group by Device - Protocol B will have 4 scan lines that will look like the following:

Scan Line 1 => Type Integer, length of 2 Scan Line 2 => Type Float, length of 1 Scan Line 3 => Type Integer, length of 2 Scan Line 4 => Type Float, length of 1

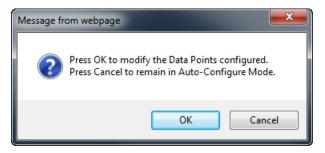
Group by Data Type - Protocol B will have 2 scan lines that will look like the following:

Scan Line 1 => Type Integer, length of 4 Scan Line 2 => Type Float, length of 2

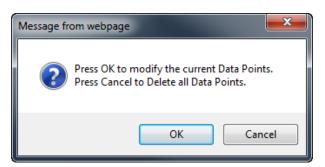


PROFINET IO Server Slot Configuration: Manual Mode

- 1) To transition from either of the two Auto-Configure Modes to Manual Configure Mode, click the dropdown at the top of the Profinet IO Server Configuration page and select Manual Configure.
 - a. When prompted, click **OK** to confirm mode change or **Cancel** to remain in Auto-Configure Mode.



b. Once OK is clicked, there are two options on how to proceed.



- i. To keep the data slots that are already configured, press **OK**.
 - You would want this option if you are adding additional data slots or you want to modify the data slot(s) that already exist.
- ii. To delete the data slots that are already there and start over, press **Cancel**.
- 2) Input Slots: Select the data size, in bytes, to move data from the gateway to the Controller. Then select the data format for that slot.
- 3) Output Slots: Select the data size, in bytes, to move data from the Controller to the gateway. Then select the data format for that slot.



Example Setup

Gateway Configuration Example:

Input Slots

Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	8 🗸	16 Bit Uint 🗸
2	128 👻	64 Bit Float 🔹
3	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸
4	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸
5	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸

Output Slots

Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
11	32 🔻	32 Bit Int 👻
12	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸
13	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸
14	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
15	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸

Siemens Simatic Step 7 Configuration Example:

(1) PS01

					((1
Slot		Module	Order number	Laddress	Q address	Diagnostic address:	Comment
0	Ť	PS01	66K1 953-0CA00			2042*	
- X7		Interface				2041*	
F1		RI45 10/100				2040"	
1		8 bytes I		07			
2		128 bytes I		128255			
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11		32 bytes 0			031		
12							
13							
14							

Siemens TIA Portal Configuration Example:

					📲 Topology	view 🔒 Network vie	w 📑 Devic	e view
Device overview								
🔐 Module	Rack	Slot	l address	Q addr	Туре	Article no.	Firmware	Comm.
🔻 ps01	0	0			Standard	6GK1 953-0CA00	Z1.0	
Interface	0	0 ×1			ps01			
8 bytes I_1	0	1	18		8 bytes I		1.0	
128 bytes I_1	0	2	68195		128 bytes I		1.0	
	0	з						
	0	4						
	0	5						
	0	6						
	0	7						
	0	8						
	0	9						
	0	10						
32 bytes 0_1	0	11		132	32 bytes O		1.0	
	0	12						
	0	13						
	0	14						
		15						



Setting up the PLC- Example Using Simatic Step 7 software

This is how you would set up the **Example Setup** on the previous page using Simatic Step 7:

1) In your project, click the CPU and you should see the Hardware option in the right pane. Double click on the Hardware icon.

BY PSMC_Project_Test C:\			
PSMC_Project_Test B SIMATIC 300 Station	Dig Hardware	CPU315-2 PN/DP(1)	

2) IF YOU HAVE ALREADY INSTALLED THE GSD FILE, SKIP TO STEP 9.

OTHERWISE - Under Options, select Install GSD Files.

SIMATIC 300 Station (Configuration) S7 Mike	
	, <u></u>	Install GSD Files
(0) UR 1 2 CPU315-2 PN/DF	P(1)	Install GSD Files: From the directory C:\Users\Engineer\Desktop\PS New GSD Files Browse
X1 MPL/DP X2 P1 PN-NO X2 P1 Pot 1 X2 P2 Pot 2 3		File Release Version Languages GSDML-V2.34-RTA-460PSxx-20190219.xml 02/19/2019 12:00:00 AM V2.34 English
<	m.	
(1) rta-460ps	Order number	
0 in ta-460ps	460PSxx	
X1 Interface	1007 044	Install Show Log Select All Deselect All
F1 R145 10/100 MBit/s		
1 128-Byte Input 2 3	128-Byte Input	Close Help
3		

- 3) Insert the CD that was shipped with the gateway and select Install GSD Files from the directory.
- 4) Browse to the CD and find the folder containing the GSD file.
- 5) Select the GSD file from the box and click **Install**.
- 6) When prompted to confirm installation because it cannot be undone, click **Yes**.



Confirm installation of GSD f	files 🛛 🔀
CAUTION: Installation OF GSD files continue the action?	s cannot be undone. Do you still want to
Yes	No

7) Click **OK** acknowledging that the install was successful.

Install GSD File (13:4986)	Ľ
Installation was completed s	uccessfully.
OK	

8) If you navigate to the right-hand side, you will see the RTA profile under: PROFINET IO->Additional Field Devices->Gateway->460PSxx

Profile: S	itandard
	FIBUS DP
RO RO	FIBUS-PA
🛛 🖨 📅 PRO	FINET IO
📗 🕴 🖨 🗎 A	Additional Field Devices
	🗋 Gateway
	≟ 📴 _460PS xx
	🗄 🚡 460PSxx 1-port
	🗄 🖬 📩 460PS xx 2-port
<u> </u>	i 1/0
📗 🗄 💼 G	ateway

9) IF YOU HAVE ALREADY CONFIGURED THE PROFINET I/O CONTROLLER, SKIP TO STEP 11.

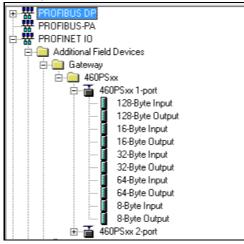
OTHERWISE - Right-click on the PN-IO block and select Insert PROFINET IO System.

10) In the properties window, set the IP Address to match that of the PROFINET I/O Controller and press **New** and **OK**.



Properties - Ethernet interface Pt General Parameters	N-10 (R0/S2.2)
IP address: 192.168.0.1 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0	If a subnet is selected, the next available addresses are suggested. Gateway © Do not use router © Use router Address:
Subnet:	New
	Properties
	Delete
ОК	Cancel Help

11) Find the RTA device in the I/O tree. It will be under PROFINET IO->Additional Field Devices-> Gateway->460PSxx->460PSxx 1-port.



12) Once found, drag the Standard icon into the network line you created in Step 9.



2 (0) UR 2 X1 X2 X2 P1 X2 P2 3 ·	CPU315-2 PN/DP(1) MPV/DP PN-10 Port 1 Port 2	Ethernet(1): PROFINET-IO-System (100)
---	--	---------------------------------------

13) Double-click the gateway icon to open the properties window. If not already done, uncheck the **Assign IP Address via IO controller option** (some versions already do this) and press **OK**.

Properties - ps01		X
General Identification		
Short description:	ps01	
	460PSxx IO Gateway	
Order No./ firmware:	6GK1 953-0CA00 / Z1.0	
Family:	460PSxx	
Device name:	ps01	
GSD file:	GSDML-V2.2-RTA-460PSxx-20140317.xml Change Release Number	
Device number:	PROFINET-IO-System (100)	
IP address:	Ethernet	
	s via ID controller	
Comment:		
56 		
		2
ОК	CancelHe	lp



14) To Assign the RTA a Device Name click on the RTA device, click on the PLC tab, Ethernet, Assign Device name.

🖳 HW Config - SIMATIC	300 Station		
Station Edit Insert PL	C View Options Window Help		
🗅 🚅 🐾 🖬 🖏	Download	Ctrl+L	
	Upload		
	Download Module Identification		
5⊒(0) UR	Upload Module Identification to PG		
1	Faulty Modules		
2 X1	Module Information	Ctrl+D	
X2	Operating Mode	Ctrl+I	PROFINET-IO-System (100)
X2 P1 X2 P2	Clear/Reset		
3	Set Time of Day		(1) rta-460p
	Monitor/Modify		RTA I
	Update Firmware		
	Save Device Name to Memory Card		
	Ethernet	•	Edit Ethernet Node
	PROFIBUS	Þ	Verify Device Name
(1) (1	Save Service Data		Assign Device Name

15) Click on the Assign name button to give the RTA a name. This name will appear on the RTA Profinet configuration page. If you would like to assign your own name simple right click on the RTA device and select the objects properties.

Assign device name	*
Device name: rta-460ps 🗨 Device	e 460PSxx
Available devices:	
IP address MAC address Device type Device name	Assign name
192.168.0.101 00-03-F4-09-8C-49 460PSxx rta-460ps	Node flashing test Duration (seconds): 3 Flashing on Flashing off
Show only devices of the same type Display only devices without names Update Export	3
	Help



16) Expand the Standard node on the right panel to show the available modules to insert (Refer to the picture in Step 11).

nput \$	Slots		Outpu	t Slots	
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	8 👻	16 Bit Uint 👻	11	32 👻	32 Bit Int 👻
2	128 👻	64 Bit Float 👻	12	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
3	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻	13	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
4	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻	14	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
5	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 🗸	15	Disabled -	16 Bit Int 👻

To match the above configuration in the 460 gateway, add one 8-byte input module to slot 1, one 128-byte input module to slot 2, and one 32-byte output module to slot 11.

Siemens PLC Configuration:

Slot	🚺 Module	Order number	l address	Q address	Diagnostic address:	Comment	
0	🛓 PS01	66K1 953-0CA00			2042*		~
X7 [Interface				2041*		
F1	🚦 R.145 1.0/1.00				2040*		
1	🚦 8 bytes I		07				
2	🚦 128 bytes I		128255				
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							=
8							
9							
10							
11	🚦 32 bytes O			031			
12							
13							
14							

Terminology Note and Example: I addresses refer to Input, Q addresses refer to Output, %B refers to bytes and %W refers to words. So in this case, you would use %IB0-7, %IB128-255 and %QB0-31 to access the data to/from the gateway in the PLC.

17) When finished, click the **Save and Compile** button and then the **Download to PLC** button.

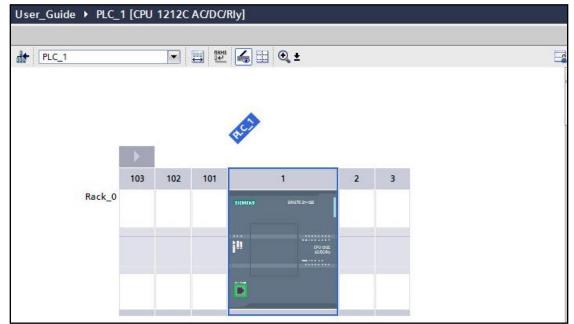




Setting up the PLC- Example Using TIA Portal

This is how you would set up the <u>Example Setup</u> using Siemens TIA Portal:

1) In your project, click the Device View tab and click your PLC.



2) IF YOU HAVE ALREADY INSTALLED THE GSD FILE, SKIP TO STEP 9.

OTHERWISE - Under Options, select Manage general station description file (GSD).

VA Siem	ens -	C:\Use	rs\engine	eering\Do	ocuments\	Automa	tion\User	_Guide	e\User_G	iuide
<u>P</u> roject	<u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew	<u>I</u> nsert	<u>Online</u>	Optio <u>n</u> s	Tools	<u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp		
			Y Settin	ngs						
			Supp	ort packag	ges					
			Mana	ge gener	al station d	escriptio	n files (GSI	D)		
			Start	Automatio	on License	Manage	ſ			
			Show	reference	e text					
			🕕 Globa	I libraries	2			•		

- 3) Insert the CD that was shipped with the gateway and save off the GSD file on that CD to your desktop.
- 4) Click ... and browse to where you saved the GSD file.



5) Check the box to the left of the imported path and click **Install**.

Manage gener	al station description files				×
Source path:	C:\Users\engineering\Desktop				
Content of in	ported path				
File		Version	Language	Status	
GSDML-V2.3	34-RTA-460PSC-20190219.xml	V2.34	English	Already installed	

6) Click **Close** when it was installed successfully.

1S	tallation result		
	Message		
•	Installation was completed successfully.		

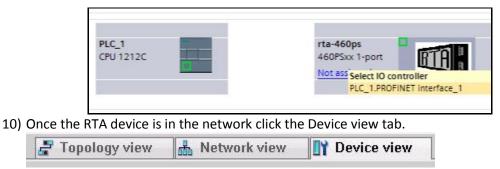
7) Click the Network View tab in your project.

🛃 Topology view 🛛 👪 Network view 🛐 Device view	Options	
Navigate to the right-hand side of the screen under the	✓ Catalog	
Hardware catalog and you will see the RTA profile under: Other field devices->PROFINET IO-> Gateway-> Real Time Automation-> 460PSxx-> 460PSxx 1-port and 460PSxx 2- port. Depending on your RTA hardware platform if, it has	Filter Gintrollers HMI Gintrollers Gintrollers	ų ivit
ne Ethernet port, or 2 Ethernet ports determines the icon o use.	Cim Drives & starters Cim Network components Cim Detecting & Monitoring Cim Distributed VO Cim Field devices Cim Other field devices	
	PROFINET IO Im Drives Im Encoders Im Gateway	=
	Image and the set of the set	

8)



9) Drag the 460PSxx 1-port next to the PLC, click on the <u>Not Assigned</u> and select the PLC to connect to.



11) From the dropdown menu select rta-460ps. Right click on the RTA device to select Properties.

d+	rta-460ps	-	
	<select device=""></select>	1	^
	rta-460ps		=

- 12) Go down to the Ethernet addresses.
- 13) Be sure that the "*IP address is set directly at the device*" option is selected and **uncheck** the "Generate PROFINET device name automatically."
 - a. *The **PROFINET Device Name** field is the name to assign to the RTA gateway
 - b. *Make sure the PROFINET device and the gateway are on the same network.



rta-460ps [M	odule]				
General	IO tags	Syst	tem constants	Texts	
✓ General Catalog in	formation		Ethernet address	es	
 PROFINET inte General 	erface [X1]		Interface netw	vorked with	
Ethernet a				Subne	et: PN/IE_3
 Advanced 		_			Add new subnet
	e options	_			
▼ Real tin IO cj	ne settings /cle		IP protocol		
	1/100 MBit/s (×1	P1]	Use IP proto	col	
Hardware		_	_ ·		Set IP address in the project
Identification Hardware ide	& Maintenance	•			
Hardware ide	intifier	_			
		•			Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0 . 0
		- 1			Use router
		- 1			Router address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0
					• IP address is set directly at the device
			PROFINET		
					Generate PROFINET device name automatically
			PROFIN	IET device nam	ne rta-460ps
			(Converted nam	e: rta-460ps
				Device numbe	er: 1

14) Right click on the RTA device and select the Assign device name.

La rta-460ps 460PSxx 1-port PLC_1	Device configuration Change device Write IO-Device name to Micro Start device tool	o Mernory Card
	🗶 Cut	Ctrl+X
	🔟 Сору	Ctrl+C
	🛅 Paste	Ctrl+V
	🗙 Delete	Del
	Rename	F2
	🚽 Go to topology view	
	Compile	•
	Download to device	•
	🔊 Go online	Ctrl+K
	📝 Go offline	Ctrl+M
	🗕 🗓 Online & diagnostics	Ctrl+D
	🗱 Assign device name	

15) Select the RTA device and click on the Assign name button to give the RTA a valid name on the network. Once the RTA gateway is in run mode this name will appear on the Profinet Web page.



		Configured PRO					
		PROFINET devic		rta-460ps		•	
		Dev	vice type:	460PSxx 1-port			
		Online access					
		Type of the PG/PC i	interface:	PN/IE		•	
		PG/PC i	interface: [💹 ASIX AX88772 USB2.0	to Fas	st Ethernet Adapt 💌	1
		Davidas filhas					
5		Device filter					
		🛃 Only show	devices of th	e same type			
		Only show	devices with	bad parameter settings			
		Only show	devices with	out names			
		2 2 3 2 7 T					
_		ices in the network:	Device type	PPOEINET device name	C+	atur	
	Accessible dev IP address 10.1.16.40	ices in the network: MAC address 00-03-F4-0B-C3-02	Device type RTA	PROFINET device name rta-460ps	St	atus K	
	IP address	MAC address					
	IP address	MAC address					
I	IP address	MAC address					

16) Expand the Module list under the catalog on the right panel to show the available modules to insert into the device overview slots.

Input Slots Output Slots					
Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format	Slot	Data Size (Bytes)	Data Format
1	8 👻	16 Bit Uint 👻	11	32 🔻	32 Bit Int 👻
2	128 👻	64 Bit Float 👻	12	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
3	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻	13	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int →
4	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻	14	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻
5	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻	15	Disabled 👻	16 Bit Int 👻

To match the above configuration in the 460 gateway, add one 8-byte input module to slot 1, one 128-byte input module to slot 2, and one 32-byte output module to slot 11.

TIA Portal Configuration:



					🚽 Topology vi	ew	🔒 Network	view	Device view	٦	Options
01	· ·		Devic	æ overview							
		^	Y? .	. Module	Rack	Slot	l address	Q addr	Туре		✓ Catalog
		=		▼ ps01	0	0			Standard	^	<search></search>
				 Interface 	0	0 ×1			ps01		🟹 Filter
P501				8 bytes I_1	0	1	18		8 bytes l		• 🛅 Head module
N.				128 bytes I_1	0	2	68195		128 bytes I		- Module
					0	з					128 bytes l
					0	4				≡	128 bytes
					0	5			-		📗 16 bytes l
					0	6					📗 16 bytes O
					0	7			-		📗 32 bytes I
		2			0	8			_		📗 32 bytes O
		•			0	9					📗 64 bytes I
		-			0	10					📗 64 bytes O
				32 bytes O_1	0	11		132	32 bytes O		📗 8 bytes I
					0	12					📗 8 bytes O
					0	13					
					0	14					
					0	15					

To insert a module, just double click to add it to the next available slot.

Terminology Note and Example: I addresses refer to Input, Q addresses refer to Output, %B refers to bytes and %W refers to words. So in this case, you would use %IB1-8, %IB68-195 and %QB1-32 to access the data to/from the gateway in the PLC.

17) In the Network view tab, click the port of PLC ,click the Compile button and Download to Device button (in red).

		_₽■×	Hardware catalog	
📱 Topology view	Network view	Device view	Options	



	V	- 10 C	
LC_1 IPU 1212C	ps01 Standard PLC_1		
	.C_1.PROFINET IO-Syste		

🌁 🔁 🛃 Save project 📑 🐰 🗐 🖆 🗙 🍤 🛨 (*	🚦 🔂 🚺 🚆 🔛 💋 Go online 🖉 Go offline
-------------------------------------	------------------------------------

18) Once everything is downloaded to the PLC there will be a green check box on both devices, then click **Go Online** (see red box).

📑 📑 🔒 Save project	📕 X 🗉	🛅 🗙 🖣 ± (**	* 🗟 🛛 🖬 🖳	🕞 💋 Go online	🕈 Go offline
--------------------	-------	-------------	-----------	---------------	--------------



Mapping - Transferring Data Between Devices

There are 5 ways to move data from one protocol to the other. You can combine any of the following options to customize your gateway as needed.

Option 1 – Data Auto-Configure Mappings: The gateway will automatically take the data type (excluding strings) from one protocol and look for the same data type defined in the other protocol. If there isn't a matching data type, the gateway will map the data to the largest available data type. See Data Auto-Configure section for more details.

Option 2 – String Auto-Configure: The gateway will automatically take the string data type from one protocol and map it into the other. See String Auto-Configure section for more details.

Option 3 – Manual Configure Mappings: If you don't want to use the Auto-Configure Mappings function, you must use the manual mapping feature to configure translations.

Option 4 – Manipulation/Scaling: You can customize your data by using math operations, scaling, or bit manipulation. See Data Mapping-Explanation section for more details.

Option 5 – Move Diagnostic Information: You can manually move diagnostic information from the gateway to either protocol. Diagnostic information is not mapped in Auto-Configure Mappings Mode. See Diagnostic Info section for more details.



Display Mapping and Values

The Display Data and Display String pages are where you can view the actual data for each mapping that is set up.

Display Data

Click the **Display Data** button to view how the data is mapped and what the values of each mapping are. Here you will see how each data point (excluding strings) is mapped. To view, select the device from the dropdown menu and click **View** to generate the information regarding that device. Then select either the **Protocol 1 to Protocol 2** or **Protocol 2 to Protocol 1** button, correlating to the direction you wish to see the data.

Display Data	Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Device Modbus TCP Server IP Address: 0.0.0.0 View	
Protocol 1 to Protocol 2	Protocol 2 to Protocol 1

This page is very useful when verifying that all data is mapped somehow from one protocol to another. If a data point is not mapped, it will display on this page in a yellow highlighted box.

	BACnet/IP to Mod	ous RTU		0	Modbus RTU to B.	ACnet/IP	
BACnet/IP		460MMBS		Modbus RTU			
Name	Valu	Value (Hex) Manipulation		Name	value (Hex)		
Al1	0	0	++	Slave1 400001	0	0	
Al2	0.000000	0×00000000	**	N/A	Point N	ot Mapped	
AI3	0	n	RA	Slave1	П	n	

In the above example, we see the following:

- Modbus 400001 from Slave 1 is being mapped to Al1 on BACnet
- Nothing is being moved from Modbus to AI2 on BACnet
- Modbus 400030 from Slave 1 is being mapped to AI3 on BACnet

NOTE: If a data point is mapped twice, only the first instance of it will show here. EX: If Modbus 400001 & 400040 from Slave 1 are both mapped to Al1, only 400001 will show as being mapped to Al1.



If there are values of "--" on this page, it indicates that the source has not yet been validated and no data is being sent to the destination.

The example below reflects the Modbus to PLC flow of data. The Modbus (right side) is the source and the PLC (left side) is the destination.

- The 460 gateway has received valid responses from Modbus registers 400001-400005 and therefore can pass the data on to the PLC tag called MC2PLC_INT.
- The 460 gateway has NOT received valid responses from Modbus register 400011 & 400012. As a result, the data cannot be passed to the PLC tag ETC01_GN0_INT2 and indicates so by using "---" in the value column of the table.

Display Data						Edit Mapping
						View as Text
Select a Device Alle	n-Bradley PLC IP	Address: 10.1.100.	15 View			
PLC to	Modbus TCP/IP			M	odbus TCP/IP to	PLC
	PLC	46	0ЕТСМС ≪ €		Modbus TCP/	P
Name	Value	(Hex)	Manipulatio	n Name	Val	ue (Hex)
MC2PLC_INT[0]	15	0x000F	**	MC01 400001	15	0x000F
MC2PLC_INT[1]	1495	0x05D7	**	MC01 400002	1495	0x05D7
MC2PLC_INT[2]	1	0x0001	**	MC01 400003	1	0x0001
MC2PLC_INT[3]	0	0x0000	**	MC01 400004	23	0x0017
MC2PLC_INT[4]	3	0x0003	**	MC01 400005	3	0x0003
TC01_G2N0_INT2[0]		13523	**	MC01 400011	1/55	653
TC01_G2N0_INT2[1]			**	MC01 400012	944	

To view the actual data mappings, click the **Edit Mapping** button. For more details, see the Data Mapping-Explanation section.

To view the data mappings purely as text, click the **View as Text** button. For more details, see the View Data Mapping as Text section.



Display String

Click the **Display String** button to view how the string data types are mapped and what the values of each string are. Here you will see how each string from each protocol is mapped to the other. To view, select the source or destination group and the String from the dropdown menu to generate the information regarding that device. The string data will be displayed in both hex and ASCII.

Display String	Edit Mapping
	View as Text
Select a Group Src: MC02 400001 v and a String 400001 v (0 bytes)	

If there are values of "Data Not Valid" on this page, it indicates that the source has not been validated yet and no data is being sent to the destination.

In the example below, this page reflects the Modbus to PLC flow of data. Since the Destination "Dst: ETC01_ETC01_G2N0_STRING" displays "Data Not Valid", it can be assumed that the source field has not yet been validated.

Display Strin	g			Edit Mapping
				View as Text
Select a Group	Dst: ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_STRING •	and a String ETC01_G2N0_STRING •	(0 bytes)	
Data Not V	'alid!			

To view the string mappings, click the **Edit Mapping** button. For more details see the String Mapping-Explanation section.

To view the string mappings purely as text, click the **View as Text** button. For more details see the View String Mapping as Text section.



Data and String Mapping – Auto-Configure

The Auto-Configure function looks at both of the protocols and will map the data between the two protocols as best as it can so that all data is mapped. Inputs of like data types will map to outputs of the other protocols like data types first. If a matching data type cannot be found, then the largest available data type will be used. Only when there is no other option is data truncated and mapped into a smaller data type.

If the Auto-Configure function does not map the data as you want or you want to add/modify the mappings, you may do so by going into Manual Configure mode.

The following are examples of the Auto-Configure function.

1) This example shows a common valid setup.



- a. Both Source values were able to be mapped to a corresponding Destination value.
- 2) This example shows how Auto-Configure will make its best guess.

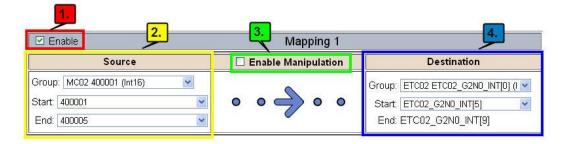
Source	Destination
8-bit Sint	8-bit Sint
16-bit Int	16-bit Int
32-bit Uint	32-bit Uint
32-bit Float	32-bit Uint

a. The 32-bit Float from the Source location could not find a matching Destination data-type. After all other like data types were mapped, the only data type available was the 2nd 32-bit Uint data type. Auto-Configure was completed even though the data in the Float will be truncated.

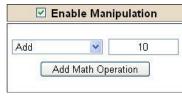


Data Mapping – Explanation

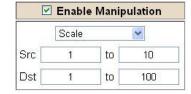
Below are the different parts that can be modified to make up a data mapping.



- 1) Enable (red box above): Check to enable mapping. If not checked, this mapping is skipped.
- 2) Source Field (yellow box above) :
 - a. Group Select the data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b. Start This is the starting point for this mapping.
 - c. End This is the final point to be included for this mapping.
- 3) Manipulation Area (green box above) :
 - a. Enable the Data Manipulation. This can be enabled for any mapping.
 - b. Click **Add Math Operation** for each operation needed. Up to 3 are allowed unless you are using the Scale, Set Bit, or Invert Bit functions. If using Scale, Set Bit, or Invert Bit, then only 1 operation is allowed.
 - c. Select the Operation(s) to perform.
 - i. Math Operations are performed in the order they are selected.
 - ii. If more than one point is selected on the source, the Math Operations will be performed on every point.
 - d. Enter the value(s) for the operation.



Example of Add (similar for Subtract, Multiple, Divide, and MOD). This will add a value of 10 to the source field before it is written to the destination field.



Example of Scale. This will scale the source values from 1-10 into 1-100 for the destination.

Enable Manipulation				
	Set Bit	*		
Src		Dst		
A	0	5		
(0-15)		(0-15)		

Example of Set Bit (similar to Invert Bit). This will take the value of the 0th source bit and copy it into the value of the 5th destination bit.

- 4) Destination Field (blue box above) :
 - a. Group Select the data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b. Start This is the starting point for where the data is being stored.
 - c. End The End point is derived from the length of the source and cannot be modified.



Data Mapping – Adding Diagnostic Information

Data Mapping offers 5 different types of information in addition to any scan lines specified for each protocol.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Only add Diagnostic Information **AFTER** both sides of the gateway have been configured. If changes to either protocol are made after diagnostic information has been added to the mapping table, it is necessary to verify all mappings. Remapping may be necessary.

- 1) Temporary Ram (Int64)
 - a. This offers five levels of 64bit Integer space to assist in multiple stages of math operations. For example, you may wish to scale and then add 5. You can set up a single translation to scale with the destination as the temporary ram. Then another translation to add 5 with the source as the temporary ram.
 - b. The gateway will automatically convert the Source to fit the Destination, so there is no need for Int 8, 16, 32 since the 64 may be used for any case.

🗹 Enable	Mapping 1					
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination				
Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64)		Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64) 💌 Start: Ram1 💌 End: Ram1				
🗹 Enable	Mapping 2					
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination				
Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64)	Add Math Operation	Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64) Start: Ram2 End: Ram2				

In this example, Ram0 is scaled into Ram1. Ram1 is then increased by 5 and stored into Ram2. Ram0 and Ram2 could be considered a source or destination group.

- 2) Temporary Ram (Double)
 - a. This is similar to the Temporary Ram (Int 64), except manipulations will be conducted against the 64bit floating point to allow for large data.
- 3) Ticks Per Second
 - a. The gateway operates at 200 ticks per second. This equates to one tick every 5ms. Thus, mapping this to a destination will give easy confirmation of data flow without involving one of the two protocols.
- 4) XY_NetBmpStat
 - a. If a protocol is a Client/Master, there is a Network Bitmap Status that is provided. Since a Client/Master may be trying to communicate with multiple devices on the network, it may be beneficial to know if a Server/Slave device is down. By using this Network Bitmap Status you can expose the connection statuses of individual devices.
 - b. 0x0000002 shows that only device 2 is connected
 - c. 0x00000003 shows that only devices 1 and 2 are connected
 - d. 0x00000004 shows that only device 3 is connected



5) Status_XY

Common Status:

a. There are two Statuses provided, one for each protocol. This gives access to the overall status of that Protocol. Each Bit has its own meaning as follows:

Hex:	Bit Position:	Decimal:	Explanation:
<u></u>	<u></u> .	<u></u>	<u></u>
0x00	0	0	if we are a Slave/Server
0x01	0	1	if we are a Master/Client
0x02	1	2	connected (0 not connected)
0x04	2	4	first time scan
0x08	3	8	idle (usually added to connected)
0x10	4	16	running (usually added to connected)
0x20	5	32	bit not used
0x40	6	64	recoverable fault
0x80	7	128	nonrecoverable fault

0x000000FF (bit 0-7)1st byte

For this example the ETC Status is mapped to a PLC tag called PLC_Status

	PLC to Modbus TC	P/IP			Modbus TCP/I	IP to PLC
	PLC		460ETCMC €€		Modbus T	CP/IP
Name	Val	ue (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Va	lue (Hex)
PLC_Stat	tus 19	0x00000013	*	ETC Status	19	0x00000013
Example	e: ETC Status is 0	<00000013 (19 (decimal). here	e is the l	break down	
-	Hex Bit	Decimal		nation		
	0x01 0(on)		if we are		cer/Client	
	0x02 1(on)	2	connected	(0 not	c connecte	d)
	0x10 4(on)					connected)
-	Total: 0x13	19	j (.			,
	hal Faults: Bit Position	Decimal:	0x0000FF0	0 (bi		^d byte
0x00	8	0	loca	l cont	rol	
0x01	8	256		tely :		
0x02	9	512	remo	tely :	faulted	
0x04	10	1,024	idle	due t	to depende:	ncy
0x08	11	2,048	faul	ted du	le to depe	ndency
Recove	erable Fault	s: 0x00F.	F0000 (bi	t 16-2	23)3 rd byt	e
Hex:	Bit Position	Decimal:	Expla	natio	n:	
0x01	16	65 , 536	reco	verabl	le fault -	timed out

0x02

17

131,072 recoverable fault - Slave err



Non-Recoverable	Faults	0xFF000000	(bit	24-31)4 th byte	
NON NEEDVELUDIE	r uur co	0111 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1220	21 J1/1 Dycc	

Hex:	Bit Position:	Decimal:	Explanation:
0x01	24	16,777,216	nonrecoverable fault - task fatal err
0x02	25	33,554,432	nonrecoverable fault - config missing
0x04	26	67,108,864	nonrecoverable fault - bad hardware port
0x08	27	134,217,728	nonrecoverable fault - config err
0x10 0x20	28 29	268,435,456 536,870,912	Configuration Mode No Ethernet Cable Plugged In

For this example the MC Status is mapped to a PLC tag called MC_Status

	PLC to Modbus T	CP/IP			Modbus TCP/I	P to PLC
	PLC		460ETCMC		Modbus TC	:P/IP
Name	Val	ue (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Val	ue (Hex)
MC_Status	65601	0x00010041	*	MC Status	65601	0x00010041

Example: MC Status is 0x00010041 (65601 decimal), here is the break down, we know that bytes 1 and 3 are being used, so here is the break down,

	Commo	n Status	:	
	Hex:	<u>Bit:</u>	Decimal:	Explanation:
	0x01	0(on)	1	if we are a Master/Client
	0x40	6(on)	64	recoverable fault
	Recove	erable F	aults:	
	Hex:	<u>Bit:</u>	Decimal:	Explanation:
	0x01	16	65,536	recoverable fault - timed
Total:	0x0100	41	65,601	



String Mapping – Explanation

Below are the different parts that can be modified to make up a string mapping.

String data types can only be mapped to other string data types. There is no manipulation that can be done on the string.

Enable	Mapping 1	3
Source		Destination
Group: MC02 400001	• • -> • •	Group: ETC02 ETC02_G2N0_STRING String: ETC02_G2N0_STRING

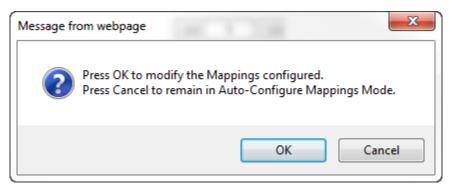
- 1) Enable (red box above): Check to enable mapping. If not checked, this mapping is skipped.
- 2) Source Field (yellow box above) :
 - a. Group Select the string data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b. String This is the string used for this mapping.
- 3) Destination Field (green box above):
 - a. Group Select the string data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b. String This is the string where the data is being stored.



Mapping – Auto-Configure Mode to Manual Configure Mode

To transition from Auto-Configure Mapping Mode to Manual Configure Mode, click the dropdown at the top of the Mapping Configuration page and select Manual Configure.

After you click this button, you will be prompted to confirm if this is really what you want to do.



Click **OK** to proceed to Manual Configure Mode or click **Cancel** to remain in Auto-Configure Mappings Mode.

Once OK is clicked, there are 2 options on how to proceed from here.

Message fr	om webpage
?	Press OK to keep the current Mappings. Press Cancel to Delete all Mappings.
	OK Cancel

- 1) To keep the mappings that are already configured press **OK**.
 - a. You would want this option if you are adding additional mappings or you want to modify the mapping(s) that already exist.
- 2) To delete the mappings that are already there and start over press **Cancel**.

To modify the number of mappings, enter a number next to **# of Mappings to Configure** and click the **Set Max # of Mappings** button. You can always add more mappings if needed.



Mapping – Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mode

To transition from Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mapping Mode, click the dropdown menu at the top of the Mapping Configuration page and select Auto-Configure Mappings.

Message fr	om webpage
?	Press OK to delete the current Mappings and go back to Auto-Configure Mappings mode. Press Cancel to keep Mappings and remain in current Mode.
	OK Cancel

Click **OK** to proceed to delete all current mappings and go back to Auto-Configure Mappings Mode. Click **Cancel** to keep all mappings and remain in Manual Configure Mode.

NOTE: Once you revert back to Auto-Configure Mapping Mode there is no way to recover the mappings you lost. Any mappings you previously have added will be deleted as well.



View as Text

Data Mapping

The View as Text page displays the point to point mapping(s) you set up in the Data Mapping section. This will also display any manipulation(s) that are configured.

Each line on this page will read as follows:

Mapping *number*: *source point* **Len**: *Number of points mapped* -> *manipulation* (*if blank then no manipulation*) -> *destination point*

If you are looking for a specific point to see if it is mapped, you can do a find in this text box for your point in question. Example: you defined 20 Registers starting at register 1 and want to see if 400011 is mapped. If it is not in this text box then it is not mapped and no data will be transferred.

This is the text display for the example shown under the *Data Mapping- Adding Diagnostic Information* section.

			Da	ta I	Mapping			
Mapping 1: Mapping 2:	Temporary Temporary				1:10 Scale Add 5 ->	1:100 -> Temporary Ram2	Temporary	Ram1

String Mapping

The View as Text page displays the string mapping(s) you set up in the String Mapping section.

Each line on this page will read as follows:

Mapping number: source point -> Copy -> destination point

If you are looking for a specific point to see if it is mapped, you can do a find in this text box for your point in question. Example: you defined 20 String Tags in the PLC and want to see if "Test_String" in the Logix PLC is mapped. If it is not in this text box, then it is not mapped, and no data will be transferred.

String Mapping						
Mapping 1:	Logix Test_String	-> Сору ->	MCO2 400001			

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Security Configuration

To setup security on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Security Configuration**. You can configure Security for 3 administrators, 5 users, and 1 guest.

THIS IS NOT A TOTAL SECURITY FEATURE

The security feature offers a way to password protect access to diagnostics and configuration on the network. The security feature does not protect against "Air Gap" threats. If the gateway can be physically accessed, security can be reset. All security can be disabled if physical contact can be made. From the login page, click the Reset Password button twice. You will be forced to do a hard reboot (power down) on the gateway within 15 minutes of clicking the button. This process should be used in the event a password is forgotten.

Note: Only Admins have configuration access to all web pages.

- Log Out Timer: The system will automatically log inactive users off after this period of time.
 NOTE: A time of 0 means that the user will not be automatically logged off. Instead, they must manually click the Logout button.
- 2) Username: Enter a username, max of 32 characters.
- 3) Password: Enter a password for the username, max of 32 characters, case sensitive.
 - a. Re-enter the Password
- 4) E-mail: In case the password was forgotten, a user can have their password e-mailed to them if e-mail was configured.
- 5) Hint: A helpful reminder of what the password is.



min Co	oficuration				
	iniguration				
dmin	Username	Password	Re-enter Password	Email	Hint
1 [Not Configured	
2 [Not Configured	
3				Not Configured	
ser Con	figuration	Adm	in Contact Informatio	on 	
	-		Re-enter		Hint
Jser	figuration Username	Adm Password		Email	Hint
	-		Re-enter		Hint
User	-		Re-enter	Email	Hint
Jser 1 [-		Re-enter	Email Not Configured	Hint
User 1 [2 [-		Re-enter	Email Not Configured Not Configured	Hint

Security Configuration-Security Levels

Each webpage in the gateway can have a separate security level associated with it for each user.

Security Levels:

- 1) Full Access: Capability to view and configure a web page.
- 2) View Access: Capability to view a web page, but cannot configure parameters.
- 3) **No Access**: No capability of viewing the web page and page will be removed from Navigation.



Jser 1: Jser 2:	Web Page	Security		
Jser 3: Jser 4:	All Web Pages	No Access 👻 Set		
Jser 5: Guest	Web Page	Security		
	Main Page	Full Access V		
	Device Configuration	Full Access		
	Port Configuration	Full Access		
	BACnet/IP Server			
	Modbus RTU Master	Full Access		
		Full Access		
	View Mapping	Full Access Y		
Mapping		Full Access		
Setup LED's		Full Access 🗸		
Diagnostic Info		Full Access 💌		
	Logging	Full Access 💙		
	Display Data	Full Access 💌		
	Export Configuration	Full Access 🛩		
	Import Configuration	Full Access 😒		
	Save As Template	Full Access 🛩		
	Load From Template	Full Access 🛩		
	Utilities	Full Access 💌		
	Email Configuration	Full Access 💌		
	Alarm Configuration	Full Access 💙		
	String Mapping	Full Access 💌		
	View String Mapping	Full Access 💙		
	Display String	Full Access 🗸		

Security - Log In

Username: Name of the user to login.

Password: Password of the user to login.

Log In: If login is successful, the user will be redirected to the Main Page.

Send Password to Email: Sends the specified User's Password to the email configured for that user.

Display Hint: Displays the hint specified for the User if one was set up.



Reset Password: This is used to reset security settings. Confirm reset password must be selected to confirm this action. Once confirmed, there is a 15 minute window to do a hard reset of the gateway by physically removing and restoring power from the gateway. Once power is restored, you may navigate to the IP address of the gateway as normal.

Username:	Admin
Password:	
	Log In

Security - Log Out

Once a user is done with a session they may click **logout** at the top of any page. The user may also be logged out for inactivity based off of the Log Out Timer specified during the configuration.



Closing the browser is not sufficient to log out.



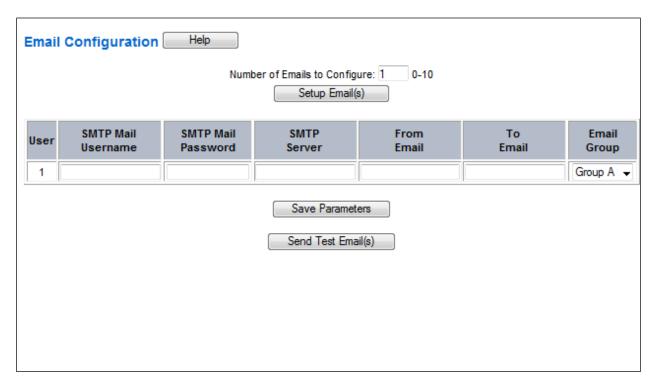
Email Configuration

To setup e-mails on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Email Configuration**.

You can configure up to 10 email addresses.

- 1) SMTP Mail Username: The email address that the SMTP server has set up to use.
- 2) SMTP Mail Password: If authentication is required, enter the SMTP Server's password (Optional).
- 3) SMTP Server: Enter the Name of the SMTP Server or the IP Address of the Server.
- 4) From E-mail: Enter the e-mail that will show up as the sender.
- 5) To E-mail: Enter the e-mail that is to receive the e-mail.
- 6) E-mail Group: Choose a group for the user. This is used in other web pages.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes and reboot the gateway.





Alarm Configuration

To setup alarms on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Alarm Configuration**.

1) Alarm Delay upon Powerup: At Powerup, the gateway will have values of '0' stored for all data. This may cause alarms to trigger before these values are updated by the mating protocols. Set this field to provide needed time to update fields before considering values for alarms.

Alarm Configuration				Help
	Alarm Delay	upon Powerup:	0 0-3600 s	
	# of Alarm	is to Configure: Set Max #Ala	0-100 arms	
		< <u>1</u>		
Enable		1	Alarm 1	
Data Point	Set Error	Clear Error	Alarm Name	Email
Ticks Since Powerup (Uint32)	>= 👻	None 💌	Gateway_test	Group A
L	(b.:		150	and have a state of the state o

- 2) Enter the number of alarms to configure and click **Set Max # Alarms** to generate those lines.
- 3) In the Data Point Section:
 - a. Top dropdown: select the Data Group. This dropdown menu will contain all groups that go from the gateway to the network.
 - b. Lower dropdown: select the Data Point's Specific Point. This is used to select which point in the group will be monitored for alarms.
- 4) In the Set Error Section:
 - a. Select the Set Error Operation in the top dropdown menu. Available options are <, >, <=, >=,
 !=, ==, and Change of State (COS). This is the operation that will be used to compare the
 Data Point value against the Error Value to determine if the alarm needs to be set.
 - b. Select the Set Error Value. This value is used as: 'Data Point's Value' 'Operation' 'Value.' Ex: Ticks Since Powerup >= 1000. This will set the alarm after 1000 ticks have elapsed since the unit powered up.



- 5) In the Clear Error Section:
 - Select the Clear Error Operation. Available options are <, >, <=, >=, !=, ==, and Change of State (COS). This is the operation that will be used to compare the Data Point value against the Error Value to determine if the alarm needs to be cleared.
 - b. Select the Clear Error Value.
 -Ex: Ticks Since Powerup >= 5000. This will clear the alarm after 5000 ticks have elapsed since the unit powered up.
- 6) Enter an Alarm Name. This will make the alarm unique and will be available in the Alarm Status page as well as in the email generated by the alarm.
- 7) Select an email to associate this alarm with. When an alarm is set, it sends an email. When an alarm is cleared, it will also send an email.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes to memory and reboot the gateway.



Diagnostics – Alarm Status

Alarm Status will only display under the Diagnostic menu tab if at least 1 Alarm is enabled.

- 1) # Alarms Enabled: This is a count of enabled alarms.
- 2) # Alarms Active: This is how many alarms are presently active (set).
- 3) Last Active Alarm: This is the last alarm that the gateway detected.
- 4) Clear # of Times Active: This will reset all alarms '# of Times Active' to 0.
- 5) Alarm #: The reference number to the given alarm on the alarm setup page.
- 6) Name: The name of the alarm.
- 7) Status: The current status of the alarm, either OK or ALARM.
- 8) # of Times Active: This count represents the number of times this alarm has become active. If an alarm is triggered, this count will increment.

Alarm Statu	IS			
# Alarms Er	nabled:	1		
# Alarms Ac	tive:	0		
Last Active	Alarm:			
				ir # of Times Active
	Alarm#	Name	Status	# of Times Active
	1	Alarm Example	ОК	0

Alarms – Active

While one or more alarms are active, every page will display 'Alarms Active' at the top of the page. This will no longer be displayed if all active alarms have been cleared.

RTA		www.rtaautomation.com
	Alarms Active	MODE: RUNNING
Real Time Automation, Inc.		460

When an alarm is activated, the following will occur:

- 1) A one-time notification will be sent out to the email associated with the alarm.
- 2) For duplicate emails to occur, the alarm must be cleared and then become active again.
- 3) # Alarms Active and # of Times Active will be incremented.
- 4) Status of the Individual Alarm will be set to *Alarm*.
- 5) *Last Active Alarm* field will be populated with details on what triggered the alarm.

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Alarm Statu	S			
# Alarms En	abled:	1		
# Alarms Active:		1		
Last Active Alarm: Alarm 1 is Set: Actual: 0 < Limit: 20				
				Clear # of Times Active
	Alarm#	Name	Status	# of Times Active
[1	Alarm Example	Alarm	1

Alarms – Clear

When an alarm is cleared, the following will occur:

- 1) A one-time notification will be sent to the email associated with the alarm.
 - a. For duplicate emails to occur, the alarm must become active and then be cleared again.
- 2) Total # Alarms Active will decrement. Last Active Alarm will not be changed.
- 3) Status of the Individual Alarm will be reset to OK.



Change of State (COS) Configuration

To access the configuration files in the 460 gateway, navigate to dropdown **Other->COS Configuration**. The gateway, by default only writes when data has changed. The gateway also waits to write any data to the destination until the source protocol is successfully connected.

Default values should fit most applications. Change these values with caution as they affect performance.

- Stale Data Timer: If the data has not changed within the time allocated in this Stale Data Timer, the data will be marked as stale within the gateway and will force a write request to occur. This timer is to be used to force cyclic updates in the gateway, since data will only be written if it has changed by default. There is a separate timer per data mapping. Gateway behavior:
 - If time = 0s => (DEFAULT) The gateway will write out new values on a Change of State basis.
 - If time > 0s => The gateway will write out new values whenever the timer expires to force cyclic updates (write every *x* seconds).
- 2) Production Inhibit Timer: Amount of time after a Change of State write request has occurred before allowing a new Change of State to be written. This is to be used to prevent jitter. Default value is 0ms. This timer takes priority over the Stale Data Timer. There is a separate timer per data mapping. This timer is active only after the first write goes out and the first COS event occurs.
- Writes Before Reads: If multiple writes are queued, execute # of Writes Before Reads before the next read occurs. Default is 10 and should fit most applications.
 Warning: A value of 0 here may starve reads if a lot of writes are queued. This may be useful in applications where a burst of writes may occur and you want to guarantee they all go out before the next set of reads begin.
- 4) Reads Before Writes: If multiple writes are queued, the # of Writes Before Reads will occur before starting the # of Reads Before Writes. Once the # of Reads Before Writes has occurred, the counter for both reads and write will be reset. Default is 1 and should fit most applications.
- 5) **Enable Data Integrity**: If enabled, do not execute any write requests to the destination until the source data point is connected and communicating. This prevents writes of 0 upon power up.

Change of State Configuration			Help
Stale Data Timer:	0	0-3600 s	
Production Inhibit Timer:	0	0-60000 ms	
Writes Before Reads:	10	0-255	
Reads Before Writes:	1	1-255	
Enable Data Integrity:			
Save Pa	rameters]	

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes to memory and reboot the gateway.



Diagnostics Info

The Diagnostic page is where you can view the gateway's translations and protocol specific status information.

For protocol specific diagnostic information, refer to the next three pages.

Diagnostics – Data and String Mapping

The Diagnostics->Diagnostic Info->System section displays the number of translations that are enabled, for both Data and String data types, the number of mappings that have an error, and the first mapping that has an error.

Enabled: Number of mappings that are enabled.

Error: The number of mappings that are enabled that have an error.

First Error: This is a detailed description of the first mapping that has an error.

Common Errors:

- Destination or Source Point does not exist
 -Solution: Re-map the mapping
- 2) Source or Destination Pointer too small

- There is not enough space on either the Source, or the Destination for the data you want to copy. This is typically seen when the Destination is smaller than the amount of data being transferred to it.

- 3) Range Discard, Min or Max Value- The actual data value is outside of the defined range
- 4) Math Error
 - Operation value cannot be 0
- 5) Scaling Error
 - Source Min must be smaller than Source Max
 - Destination Min must be smaller than Destination Max



Diagnostics – EtherNet/IP Scanner

Select the EtherNet/IP Scanner in the dropdown menu on the Diagnostics Page to view a breakdown of the diagnostics and common strings that are displayed on the page. You may also view individual adapter counters by selecting the device in the *All Adapters* dropdown and clicking **View**. Additional diagnostic information can be found by clicking on the **Help** button.

NOTE: This page will auto-refresh every five seconds with the latest data.

Clear All Values - This will only affect displayed values.

This will reset all displayed values back to zero and clear the Status Strings.
 Example: If viewing EtherNet/IP Adapter Address 10.1.54.40, this will only clear the values for that specific device. This will reduce the overall values indirectly.

Device Status - This will only display when viewing All Adapters.

- 1) Connected and Running The gateway is connected to all the EtherNet/IP Adapters that are enabled and configured.
- 2) Connected and Idle The gateway is connected to all the EtherNet/IP Adapters that are enabled and configured but the configured outputs are not yet valid.
- 3) Error: Timeout One or more enabled EtherNet/IP Adapters have timeouts.
- 4) Fatal Error: No Configuration No EtherNet/IP Adapter devices are configured or devices that are configured are not enabled.
- 5) Unknown: First Scan Not Complete I/O Parameters have been configured for an EtherNet/IP Adapter but a connection has not been established yet.
- 6) Dependency Protocol Faulted The dependent protocol is missing causing the communication to go inactive.

Diagnostics (MAC: 00:03:F4:0	06:18:FD)	Diagnostics (MAC: 00:03:F4	:06:18:FD)	
Ethernet/IP Scanner View All Adapter's View		Ethernet/IP Scanner View EC01 10.1.54.40 View		Clear All Values
Device Status Connected and Running LED Status Connection Status: Variables Network Bitmap Status: I/O Messages Sent: I/O Messages Sent: I/O Adapter Timeouts: I/O Adapter Timeouts: I/O Allocation Attempts: Successful I/O Allocation: Error I/O Allocation:	Connected 0x00000001 7833 7833 0 1 1 1 0	LED Status Connection Status: Variables Network Bitmap Status: I/O Messages Sent: I/O Alessages Received: I/O Adapter Timeouts: I/O Allocation Attempts: Successful I/O Allocation: Error I/O Allocation:	Connected 0x00000001 8315 8315 0 1 1 1 0	Help
Status Strings Last I/O Allocation Error: Vendor ID: Device Type: Product Code: Revision: Serial Number: Product Name: (RTA debug):	See Device Level See Device Level	Status Strings Last I/O Allocation Error: Vendor ID: Device Type: Product Code: Revision: Serial Number: Product Name: (RTA debug):	170 (0x00aa) 11 (0x000b) 1 (0x0001) 1.019 305419896 (0x12345678) EIPScan Test Tool Proc:0x05 UCMM:0x00 IO:0x01	



LED Status - This is the Status for *All Adapters* or the specific Adapter selected.

- 1) Solid Green (Connected) The gateway is connected to all the EtherNet/IP Adapters that are configured and enabled.
- 2) Solid Green (Connected(Idle)) –The gateway is connected to all the EtherNet/IP Adapters that are configured and enabled, but the configured outputs are not yet valid.
- 3) Flashing Green (Not Connected/First Time Scan) The gateway has never been connected to an EtherNet/IP Adapter that is configured and enabled.
 - a. Make sure there are no error codes being returned.
 - b. Make sure the adapter device is configured and online.
- 4) Flashing Red (Empty Scan List) No EtherNet/IP Adapters are configured/enabled.
- 5) Flashing Red (Connection Timeout) One or more enabled EtherNet/IP Adapters are timed out or missing.
 - a. Verify that the IP address of each EtherNet/IP Adapter is valid and is on the same network as the gateway.
 - b. Verify EtherNet/IP settings and ensure that the *Enable* checkbox is checked for the appropriate device(s).
 - c. Verify the Instance numbers are valid for each EtherNet/IP Adapter.
- 6) Flashing Red (Dependency Error) The dependent protocol is missing or has errors causing the communication to go inactive.
 - a. The other protocol must be *Connected*.
- 7) Off No Ethernet cable plugged in.

Variables - These are the values for *All Adapters* or the specific adapter selected.

- 1) Network Bitmap Status (Displayed in Hex):
 - a. Each bit corresponds to an adapter. If the bit is set, the adapter is connected, otherwise the bit is 0.
 - b. Bit 0 corresponds to Adapter 1 and Bit 4 is for Adapter 5 and so on.
- 2) I/O Messages Sent Total number of messages sent to the adapter device(s).
- 3) I/O Messages Received Total number of messages received from the adapter device(s).
- 4) I/O Adapter Timeouts Number of times an I/O Connection has timed out.
- 5) I/O Allocation Attempts Number of times the gateway has attempted to allocate a connection.
- 6) Successful I/O Allocation Total number of established connections.
- 7) Error I/O Allocation Total number of refused connections.

Status Strings - These are the values for *All Adapters* or the specific adapter selected.

- 1) Last I/O Allocation Error Displays the last error code received from a ForwardOpen request. See **Error Code Breakdown** section for information about more common errors.
- Vendor ID (Device Level only) Displays value from the selected adapter's Identity Object, Attribute

 I.
- Device Type (Device Level only) Displays value from the selected adapter's Identity Object, Attribute 2.
- 4) Product Code (Device Level only) Displays value from the selected adapter's Identity Object, Attribute 3.



- 5) Revision Major/Minor (Device Level only) Displays value from the selected adapter's Identity Object, Attribute 4.
- 6) Serial Number (Device Level only) Displays value from the selected adapter's Identity Object, Attribute 6.
- 7) Product Name (Device Level only) Displays value from the selected adapter's Identity Object, Attribute 7.

Error Code Breakdown:

- 1) Common Allocation Error Codes The gateway is sending an error message due to the listed explanation:
 - a. "Connection already in use" The gateway tried to open a connection using the supplied parameters, but failed since an existing connection was already opened.
 - b. "More than one guy configuring" The gateway is not the only device trying to open a connection to the adapter.
 - c. "Connection size mismatch" One of the assembly sizes configured in the gateway does not match that Adapter device.
 - d. "RPI Values(s) not acceptable" The gateway is trying to access the adapter too quickly. Increase the RPI value in the gateway.
 - e. "Unsupportable RPI" The value configured in the gateway for the RPI is not supported in the adapter device. Most likely try a larger value.
 - f. "Nonexistent instance number" The assembly instance configured in the gateway is not valid for the adapter.
 - g. "Invalid Configuration Path" The configuration assembly instance and/or size doesn't match the adapter.
 - h. "Invalid O2T Size" The output assembly size doesn't match the adapter.
 - i. "Invalid T2O Size" The input assembly size doesn't match the adapter.
 - j. "Invalid O2T/Consume Path" The output assembly instance and/or size doesn't match the adapter.
 - k. "Invalid T2O/Produce Path" The input assembly instance and/or size doesn't match the adapter.



Diagnostics – PROFINET IO Server

Select the **PROFINET IO Server** in the dropdown menu on the Diagnostics Page to view a breakdown of the diagnostics and common strings that are displayed on the page. Additional diagnostic information can be found by clicking the **Help** button.

NOTE: This page will auto-refresh every five seconds with the latest data.

Clear All Values - This will only affect displayed values.

- 1) This will reset all displayed values back to zero.
- 2) If viewing PROFINET IO Server, this will only clear the values for the PROFINET IO Server section of the gateway.

Device Status:

- 1) Connected A PROFINET IO Controller has a connection for the gateway.
- 2) Not Connected:
 - a. The PROFINET IO Controller has not initiated communication to the gateway.
 - b. The PROFINET IO Server has an invalid configuration or no parameters configured.

Diagnostics				
Profinet IO Server View View		Clear All Values		
Device Status		Help		
Configuration Mode Gateway Restart Needed				
LED Status				
Connection Status:	Configuration Mode			
Variables				
Application Ready Rcvd:	0			
Release AR:	0			
Parameters Written:	0			
PN Ethernet Pkts Rcvd:	0			
PN Ethernet Pkts Sent:	0			
Connection Timeouts:	0			
Speed Limit Increment:	0			



LED Status:

- 1) Good Communication (Solid Green) Connected to a PROFINET IO Controller and online.
- 2) Not Connected (Flashing Green) Valid Configuration but no communication from the IO controller yet.
- 3) Fatal Error (Solid Red)
 - a. Invalid Configuration due to no input/output slots configured within the gateway
- 4) Connection Timeout (Flashing Red)
 - a. PROFINET IO Controller's slot configuration doesn't match the gateway's slot configuration
 - b. PROFINET IO Controller was communicating to the gateway and is no longer communicating
- 5) No Ethernet cable plugged in (Off)

Variables:

- 1) Application Ready Rcvd:
 - a. The Application Ready Command has been received
 - b. The gateway has completed the Profinet setup sequence and will start cyclic communication
- 2) Release AR:
 - a. A Release Application Relationship command has been received
 - b. Profinet communication have been disconnected from the gateway
- 3) Parameters Written:
 - a. Rollover counter for the number of parameters written by the IO Controller.
- 4) PN Ethernet Pkts Received:
 - a. Number of Layer 2 (Ethernet) Messages received
- 5) PN Ethernet Pkts Sent:
 - a. Number of Layer 2 (Ethernet) Messages transmitted
- 6) Connection Timeouts:
 - a. Number of Connection timeouts between the gateway and the IO Controller
 - b. If this counter is incrementing, check your ethernet connection
 - c. If this counter is incrementing, verify the gateway is in the IO Controller
- 7) Speed Limit Increments:
 - a. The gateway has received too much traffic to process all the data
 - b. The gateway will stop processing Profinet data for a short time



LED Configuration

To modify the behavior of the LEDs on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Setup LEDs**.

The LED Configuration page lets you configure the LEDs on the gateway.

Each LED may be set to Disabled, Protocol 1, or Protocol 2. If either Protocol is a Master/Client, you may set the LED to represent either all Slaves/Servers configured in the gateway or a particular Slave/Server device.

To select a particular Slave/Server device:

- 1) Select the protocol in the left dropdown menu.
- 2) Click Save Parameters to generate the second dropdown menu.
- 3) Select the individual Slave/Server in the right dropdown menu.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes and reboot the gateway.



Configuration Files

To access the configuration files in the 460 gateway, navigate to dropdown **Other->Export/Import Config**.

Export Configuration

The export tool allows you to save your gateway configuration for backup or to be exported into another gateway. This file is named *rta_cfg.rtax* by default. Network settings will not be saved in this configuration since they must be unique for each gateway.

Upon clicking the **Save Configuration to File** button, you will be prompted to select a location to save the file.



Import Configuration

You can import a previously exported configuration file or a configuration file from another device into the 460 gateway whenever it is in Configuration Mode.

Upon clicking the **Choose File** button, you will be prompted to select a location from which to load the saved file. Once the location is selected, click the **Load Configuration** button.

If it has successfully loaded, the gateway will indicate that it was successful and a message will appear under the Load Configuration button indicating you should reboot the gateway.

If it encountered an error while trying to load the saved configuration, the gateway will indicate the first error it found and a brief description about it under the Load Configuration button. The configuration file is xml and can be modified with any text editor. Once that error is fixed, try loading again until it is successful.



Save and Replace Configuration Using SD Card

Saving Configuration Using SD Card

This function saves the gateway's configuration automatically to an SD Card each time the gateway is rebooted via the **Restart Now** button on the webpage. If this unit should fail in the future, the last configuration the gateway used is stored on the SD card and can be used for a new gateway to get the application back up and running quickly.

This SD Card replaces every configurable field in the gateway, **EXCEPT** for IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway.

Replacing Configuration Using SD Card

To replace a configuration in a gateway using the SD Card, a specific sequence of events must be followed for the replacement to happen correctly:

- 1) Extract SD Card from gateway you wish to copy the configuration from.
- 2) Power up the gateway you wish to copy the configuration to. DO NOT INSERT SD CARD YET.
- 3) Navigate to the webpage inside the unit.
- 4) Navigate to the dropdown **Other->Utilities**.
- 5) If you are not currently in *Mode: Configuring*, go into Configuration Mode by clicking on the **Configuration Mode** button at the top left-hand side of the screen.
- 6) Press the **Revert to Manufacturing Defaults** button on the Utilities Page. The Configuration will ONLY be replaced by the SD Card if the gateway does not have a configuration already in it.
- 7) When the unit comes back in *Mode: Running*, now insert the SD Card.
- 8) Do a hard Power Cycle to the unit by unplugging power. DO NOT RESET POWER VIA WEBPAGES.
 - a. It will take an additional 30 seconds for the unit to power up while it is transferring the configuration. During this time, the gateway cannot be accessed via the webpage.
- 9) When the unit comes back up, the configuration should be exactly what was on the SD Card.



Utilities

To access the Utilities page in the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Utilities**. The Utilities screen displays information about the gateway including Operation Time, File System Usage, Memory Usage, and Memory Block Usage.

Here you can also:

- View the full revision of the software.
- View all the files stored in the Flash File System within the gateway.
- Identify your device by clicking the **Start Flashing LED's** button. By clicking this button, the two diagnostic LED's will flash red and green. Once you have identified which device you are working with, click the button again to put the LED's back into running mode.
- Configure the size of the Log through the Log Configuration.
- Bring the device back to its last power up settings.
- Bring the device back to its original manufacturing defaults.
- Remove the Configuration File and Flash Files within the gateway.

Utilities Page	
Operation Time Since Last Reboot	0 days, 1 hours, 16 mins, 42 secs
File System Usage	Bytes Used: 344064 (43.75%) Bytes Free: 442368 (56.25%) Bytes Bad: 0 (0.00%)
Memory Usage	Bytes Used: 341004 (32.52%) Bytes Free: 707572 (67.48%)
Used Memory Blocks	Memory Blocks Used: 13 out of 2000
Revisions	Listing of Revisions
File List	File List
Identify Device	Start Flashing LED's
Set Up Log	Log Configuration
Revert To Last Powerup	Revert to Last Powerup
Revert All	Revert to Manufacturing Defaults
Reformat Flash	Reformat Flash

Real Time Automation, Inc.